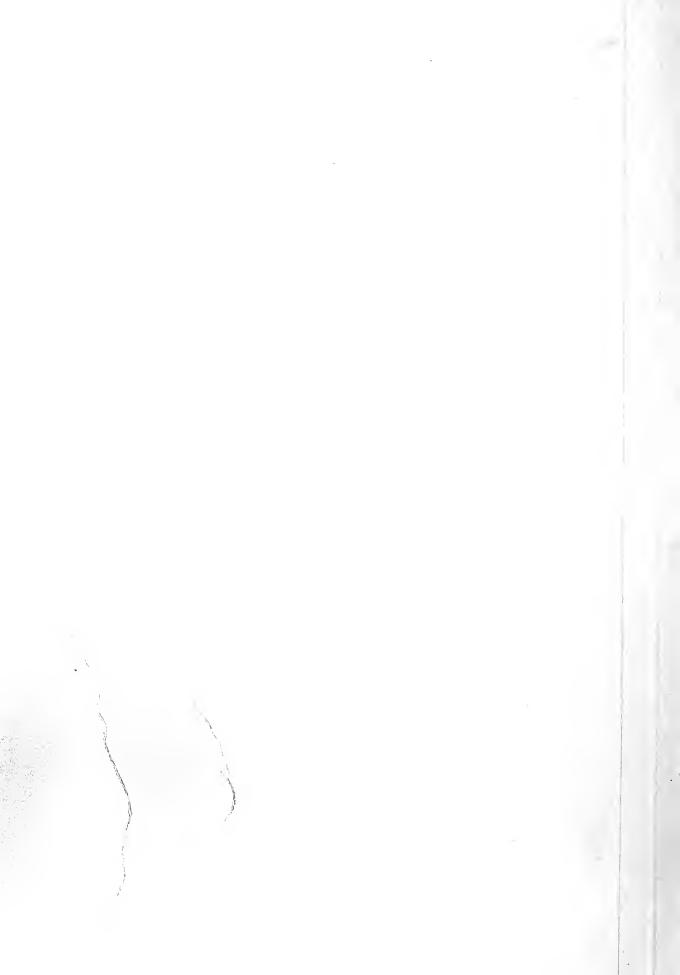
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1831-1918

U.S. Denastment of Agriculture.



SEEDSMAN ALBANY NEW YORK



1831

1918

THE ALBANY SEED STORE

Established 1831



Annual Catalogue

-OF----

FINE FLOWER,
VEGETABLE
AND FIELD



____ FROM _____

GEORGE H. PRICE,

Importer, Grower and Dealer in Seed.

Also Dealer in Horticultural and Agricultural Implements

516 and 518 Broadway, 31 and 33 James Street,

ALBANY, N. Y.

1918

MAMILTON PRINTING CO., ALBANY, N. Y. 1831

EIGHTY-SEVENTH YEAR OF THE ALBANY SEED STORE

1918

TO CUSTOMERS

Y SEEDS are all of my own growing and importing, and I take the greatest care in their production to have them pure and true to name, testing everything before selling, making a thorough business of it, and never send out anything that does not grow; this, taken in connection with the system of furnishing the best stock seeds and carefully watching the crops, gives my customers the most ample protection. The seeds offered in this Catalogue are of the very best sorts and strains to be obtained; they comprise all the best and standard kinds and some new varieties of value.

The prices this season on some varieties are higher than usual, owing to the wet weather and cold nights of the past summer, at the time when many varieties were producing seed, which injured many of the seed crops. This has made all varieties short, especially Beans, Corn and Spinach. The war in Europe has made the imported varieties very hard to obtain.

Thanking you for your patronage during the past, I trust for a continuance of the same this season.

How to Order.—In writing out your order, do it as plainly as possible, and be sure to sign your name distinctly, giving post-office address, county and State, in full, and also express office, for many times it is better to send by express than by mail. Each year we have orders we cannot fill because they are unsigned. Make your order out as soon as possible. It will be an advantage to you and a favor to us, as later in the season prices are liable to advance.

We Fill Orders Promptly.—We aim to fill orders and dispatch them immediately after receipt, unless some special cause prevents, in which case acknowledgment is made and explanation given. Where no shipping instructions are given, we send by the best route we know of. Packages too large to send by mail we shall send either by express or freight. We fill an order for ten cents worth of seed with the same promptness and care as one for fifty dollars.

How to Remit.— Send money by post-office or express money order, registered letter or draft. We guarantee the safe arrival of money sent in this way. Postage stamps received as cash when notes are not obtainable, or to make proper change. (Two-cent stamps preferred.)

We Pay the Postage to all parts of the United States on the seeds mentioned in this Catalogue in packets, ounces and pound, without adding anything to the list price, except where specially noted.

Please observe that though we prepay the postage on seeds, as above stated, we make no addition to our Catalogue price to cover this outlay. Beans, Peas, Corn and Bird Seed can be sent by Parcel Post, at Parcel Post Rates, allowing Postage at rate of two pounds for one quart. Onion Sets, allow one pound for one quart.

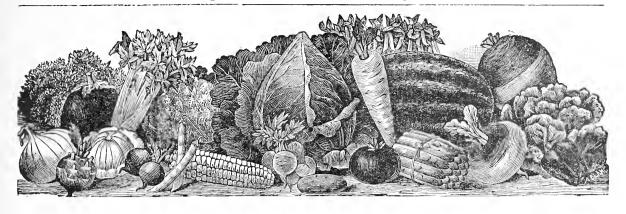
Remember, the Mail and Express bring Our Store to your Door.

It costs no more to buy of us from a distance than if you came into our store and purchased seed over our counter.

Testing.— All our seeds are thoroughly tested in a most careful manner before we sell them, and only those that *grow well* do we send out. This, in connection with our system of having to do only with the *best stocks* and carefully watching the crops, affords ourselves and customers the best protection possible.

My long experience for the past 50 years in the growing, selecting and improving of stocks enables me to supply customers with seeds that cannot be surpassed.

We do not warrant seed, because, as is well known, so many causes may, and often do, prevent the best seeds from growing and producing crops, from no fault of the seeds. We, therefore, in common with all other reliable seedsmen, wish it distinctly understood that, while we do not send out any seeds that we do not believe to be of the best quality we sell no seeds with warranty, express or implied, in any respect, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the seeds on these terms they must be returned at once, and the money that has been paid for the same will be refunded.



VEGETABLE SEEDS

ARTICHOKE.

CULTURE. The seed should be planted about the beginning of May, in open ground, highly enriched with plenty of well-rotted cow manure, and kept clear of weeds. Water frequently if the weather is dry. Seedlings should be set in rows three feet apart each way.

Green Globe Pr pkt Pr oz \$0 10 \$0 30

ASPARAGUS.

Sow the seed in the Spring as early as the ground will permit, in rows one foot apart. Soak the seed twenty-four hours in warm water. Cover about 1½ inches, and press the earth down by treading or rolling. Carefully hoe and keep free from weeds. When two years old transplant to permanent beds, no base being required. Plow or dig the ground 9 or 10 inches deep. Set in rows 12 inches apart and 15 inches between the rows. Top-dress the bed with 3 inches of old, well-rotted, pulverized manure. Every Autumn the stalks should be rolled down and in the Spring top-dressed with old, rotten manure, and sprinkle the bed well with salt. Never use a fork on the bed, as it injures the crown. Should not be cut until the plants are three years old, and then as near the surface as possible.

	II PAG	1 1 02	1110
Giant Argentiel	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 75
Palmetto. Fine variety		10	75
Barr's Mammoth. Large and fine	05	10	75
Donald's Elmira	05	10	70
Columbian Mammoth. White	05	10	70
	Per	100 P	er 1,000
Asparagus Roots. Conovers; two years	s. \$:	1 00	\$6 00
Palmetto, two years		1 00	6 50
- Barr's Mammoth, two years		L 00	6 50
- Donald's Elmira, two years		1 00	6 50
Columbian Mammoth, White, two years	3.	L 00	7 00
Giant of Argentiel		L 00	7 00



Packets of each variety, 15 cents.

DWARF or SNAP BEANS.

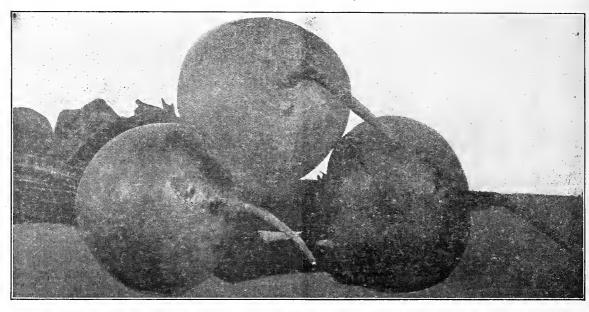
Plant about the middle of May in a warm, dry spot, in drills an inch deep and 2 ft, apart, 2 in, apart in the drills, and cultivate when not wet. Keep hoed and kill the weeds. For succession, plant every two weeks.



DAVIS KIDNEY WAX BEANS. BEANS - GREEN POD. By Parcel Post, add Postage. See page 32 EXTRA EARLY RED VALENTINE the earli Pr qt Pr pk \$0 70 \$5 00 60 4 50 70 5 00 pickling EARLY SIX WEEKS LONG. Early and produc-70 5 00 4 00 HODSON'S GREEN POD

DWARF HORTICULTURAL. A bush variety of
the Horticultural Pole Bean 70 5 50 BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA. The true type of one large White Lima; of very dwarf growth; beans as large as the large Lima; fine flavor and a good yielder.......

Bush Lima. Best of the Bush Limas, of 70 5 50



CROSBY EGYPTIAN BEET.

BEANS - YELLOW PODS.

Packets. 20 cents cach.

DAVIS KIDNEY WAX. Stand up well from the ground, and very productive. It is absolutely rustless. Pods are handsome, large, and of a beautiful waxy yellow. It is the earliest of all the wax sorts; white seeds.		- 1
WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX. Early, long, flat, wax pods, free from rust, very hardy, early and productive; one of the finest wax sorts	90	6 00
ROUND POD KIDNEY WAX. The plant grows tall, strong and sturdy, with long handsome stringless waxy yellow pods of large size, great breadth, meat crisp, brittle and free from rust. It is very early, productive,	2.2	
and the eating quality is unsurpassed GERMAN WAX DWARF or BUTTER. Tender, delicious and productive. No string	90 80	6 00
IMPROVED PROLIFIC BLACK WAX. An improved strain of the old Black Wax; much earlier	80	6 00
CURRIE'S RUST-PROOF WAX. A fine variety, early. Pods flat and straight, of a fine golden waxy color, said to be perfectly rust proof	80	6 00
IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX. Handsomest and large. The pods are straight, long and thicker than the Golden wax and said to be rust proof	70	5 00
HODSON WAX. A strong, sturdy grower, very productive, free from blight and rust, with pods 6 to 7 inches long, which are straight, handsome, brittle and tender	90 80	., .,
Pencil Pod Wax GOLDEN EYE WAX. It is very productive; the pods are flat, large and almost rust proof	80	6 00
BRITTLE WAX. Fine wax sort	1 00 90	

POLE or RUNNING BEANS.

Pole beans do best in sandy loam, enriched with short manure in the hills, which range from 3½ to 4 feet apart, with 5 or 6 beans planted eye downward in each hill, 1 inch deep. If warm and dry, plant about the tenth of May for an early crop; and for the general crop a little later.

Packets of each variety, 15 cents.

Horticultural or Speckled Cranberry. Good	qt	Pr	k
as a snap, capital, dry\$0	60	\$4	50
German Wax or Butter Pole. No string, a standard sort Early Golden Cluster Wax. A large golden yel-		4	
low, fleshy pods, fine flavor, good as shell or string	60	4	50
Kentucky Wonder Wax Pod	70	5	00
Kentucky Wonder Green Pod	70	5	00

SEIBERT'S EARLY LIMA. The earliest true		
Lima. The vine is productive, hardy and vigorous, and		
the pods large and thin, easily opened. The green beans are large, tender and succulent; a very fine sort		
are large, tender and succulent; a very fine sort	70	5 00
Early Leviathan. Very fine, large and early	70	5 00
DREER'S IMPROVED LIMA, (Potato Lima.)		
Matures early; a large yielder of fine flavor	80	5 00
King of the Garden Lima. A vigorous grower;		
pods from 5 to 8 inches long; early and prolific	70	5 00
Ford's Mammoth Pod	70	5 00
White Dutch Runner. Productive; good for baking		
and boiling; often called the Butter Bean	60	4 50
Scarlet Runner. Productive and ornamental	60	4 50

BEET.

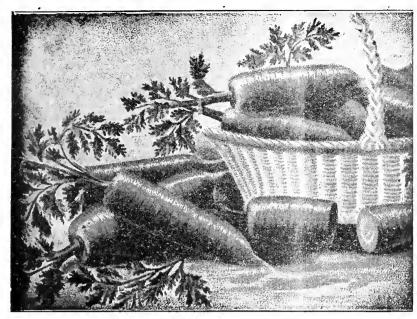
Sow in drills 14 to 16 inches apart, 1 inch deep, in light, rich soil, sandy loam being preferable, well manured with decomposed compost carefully worked in. For an early supply, sow as soon as the ground can be worked; about the middle of May for general crop. When the plants are 3 inches high thin out to about 6 inches apart.

plants are 5 menes mgn thin out to about o menes apart.		
Packets of each variety, 5 cents.	100	
EXTRA EARLY LENTZ. In shape resembles the	Pr oz	Pr lb
Turnip Beet. It is fully as early as the Egyptian, but larger and better quality. Flesh of a dark blood red	\$0 20	\$2 00
EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN TURNIP. The earliest in cultivation. Deep red, very fine	20	2 00
CROSBY EGYPTIAN, EXTRA EARLY. A fine strain of Egyptian Beet, early, small top	20	2 00
EXTRA EARLY ECLIPSE. Early as Egyptian, but larger, of a carmine color, of extra fine quality	20	1 75
Arlington Blood Turnip. An early dark-leaved, dark-blood variety, very sweet; follows the Eclipse	20	2 00
DETROIT DARK RED TURNIP. Fine shape, deep blood red, smooth; best for main crop	20	2 00
round shape, of a deep red color, medium size, fine grain.	20	2 00
Dewing's Improved Blood Turnip. Deep red, of fine form and flavor	20	2 00
Early Blood Turnip. Red, smooth and early	20	2 00
Long Blood. Winter variety, above ground	20	2 00
Swiss Chard. For Greens	20	2 00

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

Sow same as cabbage through May, and transplant in July. Improved Dwarf Per packet, 5 cents; per ounce, 35 cents

Pr lb



IMPROVED CHANTENAY CARROT.

CARROT.

Sow as early in the Spring as the ground can be worked, in a rich, light soll, well manured with old, fine manure, and thoroughly worked, very deep. Fresh stable manure is likely to make them fork and branch. Land that was heavily manured the previous season is the best. Plant in rows 14 inches apart in the garden, but from 20 to 22 inches in the field, and thin plants to 4 to 5 inches in the rows, hoeing often between them, just enough to kill the weeds, otherwise the roots tend to branch or fork. For general crop sow during last of May or June.

Packet	s of	each	variety.	5 Pr	cents.
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Packets of each variety. 5	ee oz	nt	B.
Price's Early Horn. Very			
early variety, bright orange color, three to four inches long \$0	20	\$3	00
Chantenay. A productive			
stump-root variety	20	2	75
OXHEART (or Guer-			
ande). It is an intermediate			
between Danvers and Short			
Horn, producing carrots from			
4 to 6 inches in diameter, and a	20		by pe
good yielder	20	2	70
Intermediate or St. Val-			
lery. Roots straight and			
smooth; color deep orange	20	2.	75
PRICE'S IMPROVED			
DANVERS. A fine stump			
rooted variety; the best in use.			
It is in form about midway			
between the Long Orange and			
the Short Horn class. Color,			

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE. An improved variety; roots of a dark color. (Large.)

STOCK and SUGAR BEETS.

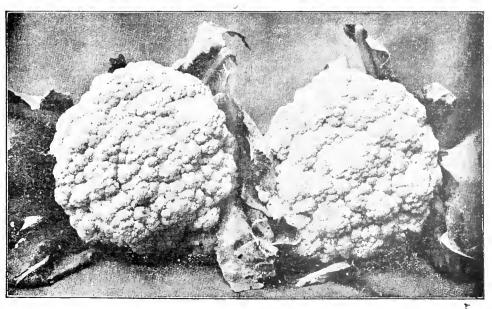
Six pounds will sow one acre.

Pr. 1b. **\$1** 25

Special Price in Large Quantities.

VILMORIN'S IMPROVED. A	white sugar
variety which is used extensively in German	y and France.
It contains a good percentage of sugar and	will do better
on poor soils than the other varieties	
LANE'S IMPERIAL WHITE SUC	AR. Grews
to a large size, very prolific, fine for stock, h	as a large per-
centage of sugar	
Glant Half Long Sugar. (Green top)

Carter's Mammoth Long Red Mangel	
zel. Large size, of very fine texture	
NORBITON'S GIANT LONG RED MANG	\mathbf{GEL}
WURZEL. Excellent; growing well out of g	round
with a small top, very large, of fine grain and an end	ormou
yielder. This is the best long variety and the one t	o sow
GOLDEN TANKARD MANGEL WUR	ZEL
Fine form and a sweet flavor; color a bright yell-	ow



EXTRA EARLY SELECTED DWARF ERFURT CAULIFLOWER.

CHICORY.

A substitute for coffee and much used for mixing with it. Cultivate like carrot. When dug cut into squares of sixths, lengthwise, and string to dry. Roast and grind like coffee.

Cardoon \$0 05 \$0 20 Ohives

CHERVIL.

Cultivate like paraley. The young leaves are used for flavoring.

CRESS.

Sow thickly in shallow drills every two or three weeks for salad; can be cut three or four times. Water Cress requires a stream of water, in which it will grow without care, except at first keeping the weeds from interfering with it.

Pr pkt Pr oz Pr lb CURLED OR PEPPER \$0 05 \$0 15 \$1 50 Broad Leaved 05 15 1 50 True Water 10 50 6 00

CORN SALAD OR FETTICUS.

Sow in drills a quarter of an inch deep and six inches apart, the latter part of August, or in September. Tread on the seed Ughtty if the weather is dry.

Keep free from weeds and cover thinly with straw or leaves that before Winters. leaves just before Winter.

Pr pkt Pr oz Pr lb Corn Salad \$0 05 \$0 20 \$2 00



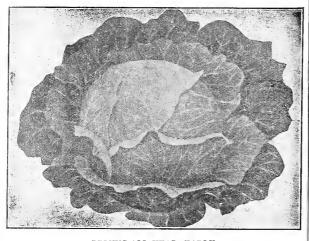
COPENHAGEN MARKET.

CABBAGE

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

Early varieties should be sown in hot-beds during February and March, transplanted into very richly manured ground about the middle of April. The ground should be loosened and worked up thoroughly to grow large and good heads. For large crops and late varieties, sow in April or first part of May in shallow drills, 3 to 4 inches apart. Transplant last of June or early in July, in rich ground, in rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet in the row. Hoe often to kill weeds, and draw earbb up to the stems. Cabbage succeeds best in a fresh, rich soil, well manured and dug or plowed deeply. The late plants are subject to attacks of the cabbage-fly, which destroys them as fast as they appear above ground. To keep off the "fly," soot, wood ashes, lime, slug shot and tobacco dust, or any or all, should be used freely very early in the morning; one day's neglect may spoil the plants.

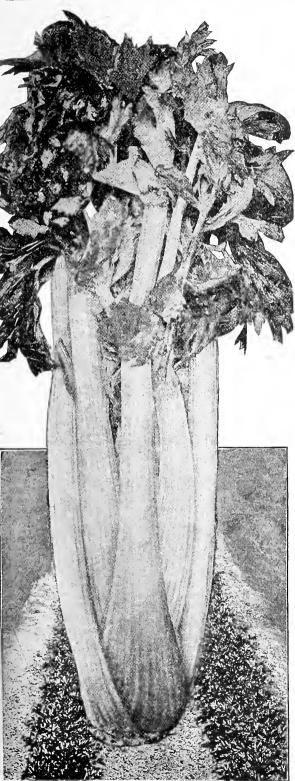
	Pr	oz	Pr	lb
Early Jersey Wakefield. (True.) Very early; fine cone-shaped		60	\$6	00
Large Jersey Wakefield. A large strain of Wakefield, but a little later		50	6	00
PRICE'S EARLY MARKET. A good-sized, very early variety, with fine, solid round, compact heads. As early as Wakefield. Per packet, 10 cents		60	7	00
Copenhagen Market. A large, solid, round-heading sort, early and a good cropper. Per packet, 10 cents		80	8	00
HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER. (True.) Very early; heads solid and compact; fine early variety		40	6	00



PRICE'S ALL HEAD, EARLY.

	Pr oz	Pr	11
Foffler's Brunswick. Early, large and compact; a standard Summer and Fall variety	\$0 35	84	00
EARLY SPRING. A fine early variety. Per packet, 10 cents	60	7	00
PRICE & REED'S PREMIUM DRUM- HEAD. A large, fine, round-heading variety, with firm, solid, compact heads of the finest quality	40	5	00
DANISH BALL HEAD. Hard, solid, round heads; a good marketable size, fine grained and a fine keeper, carrying well until early Spring. Middle stem	60	8	00
SUCCESSION. Produces heads about a week later than the Early Summer, but double their size and sure heading qualities	50	7	00
SURE HEAD. Produces heads resembling Flat Dutch; uniform shape, hard, firm and of fine texture; has few loose leaves; sure to head; keeps well	50	6	00
ALL SEASONS. An early Drumhead variety, producing large, solid, hard heads, weighing sixteen to twenty pounds, early in the season. It is of fine quality, sweet and tender. Good for early or Winter	50	6	00
The Lupton. A good solid, dark-green, uniform-heading variety; fine grained, large heads, strong constitution; medium to late; a good keeper	35	4	50
Large Late American Drumhead. A standard variety for Fall and Winter	35	4	50
PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH. A standard variety Houseman's Flat Dutch. A late variety; large	35	4	00
and fine	35	5	00
Chinese Improved or Pe-Tsai	40		50
Perfection Drumhead Savoy. Best curled kind	40	7	00
ERFURT LARGE RED DRUMHEAD. Large and solid; fine for pickling; best of all the red varieties	60	7	00
RED DANISH BALL HEAD. A fine red sort,	40	7	00

CELERY



Should be sown very early in the Spring in open ground or in the hot bed. When 3 inches high transplant, 4 inches apart, into a rich, finely pulverized soil. If the weather is dry, press the earth well around the roots. Water and protect till well rooted; shear off tops once or twice to make them stocky, then transplant into rows 3 or 5 feet apart, in rich ground, setting the plants 6 inches apart. To blanch, close the stalks and draw the soil up, using great care not to get the earth in the center or heart of the stalk, as it will tend to keep it from making a perfect head.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

		Pr	οz	Pr	lb
	Selected White Plume. A half dwarf variety, very crisp, tender. Inner leaves and heart white. It is an early variety, requires very little labor in blanching; a good sort for early use	\$0	25	\$4	00
	GOLDEN SELF-BLEACHING. Is of dwarf, compact growth, with very stocky, vigorous straight stalks. The ribs are solid, crisp, tender and of good flavor. It is a strong grower, and, like the White Plume, requires very little labor to blanch. With hardly any banking or covering up, the outer ribs become a yellowish white and the center a rich, golden yellow. It is a good keeper. Packet, 10 cents	1	25	17	00
	Price's Albany Market. Foliage dark green, heart large, solid, white, thick and brittle, without string. It is a late variety but a great keeper, remaining in perfect condition until Spring		40	5	00
	DWARF WHITE GOLDEN HEART. A half dwarf variety; when bleached the heart is large and full; of a golden waxy yellow; early, solid and of fine flavor, a splendid keeper		30	4	00
١	Dwarf White Solid. Packet, 10 cents		40	5	00
	Giant Pascal. A fine keeping sort. The stalks are thick, broad, solid and crisp, with golden yellow heart; height eighteen inches; easily bleached		30	3	00
	Easy Bleaching. Packet, 10 cents	1	50	20	00
	Celeriac Turnip Rooted Giant Prague. A standard variety, producing turnip-shaped roots. The root of this is eaten		25		50
	Celery Seed. For soup and pickles		10		80

CELERY PLANTS.

(See Vegetable Plants, Page 21.)

Parties growing celery for their own use will generally find it more satisfactory to buy the plants, which we always have in large quantities from June 15th and through August. White Plume, Golden Self-bleaching, Golden Heart, Albany Market. It is better to send plants by express, as we can pack them carefully with wet moss, and they are sure to reach you in good condition; if sent by mail we cannot use the moss, and they are liable to reach you badly wilted. Prices on application.

CAULIFLOWER.

Should be sown in hot beds in February, transplanted into another frame in the latter part of March, and in May planted out in rows 8 feet apart, 2 feet between plants. Any good cabbage soil will grow caulifiower, as their requirements are almost similar. If the weather is dry, water freely. The large leaves should be broken down over the flower head as they appear, to keep the sun and rain from injuring them. Can also be sown in the open ground during May and transplanted same as cabbage in June and July.

Pr pkt	Pr	ΟZ
Price's Danish Beauty. A large solid white head, very early, of compact growth and a sure header \$0.25	\$4	00
Price's Danish Giant. A fine, large, late, sure- heading variety, producing large solid heads 20	3	50
TABLE COLDONED DWARE ER.		

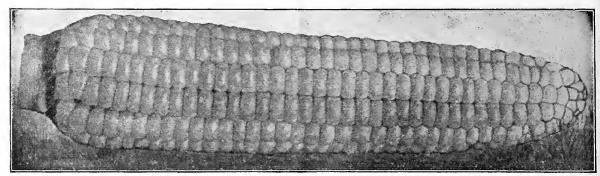
EXTRA EARLY SELECTED DWARF ER-FURT. Finest strain. The earliest of all; very sure to head; dwarf growing, large white compact head; the best early variety

SNOWBALL. (Selected.) A very early variety, with firm, white heads and good heading qualities................................ 20 8 0

Vegetable Plants, See Page 21

SWEET CORN

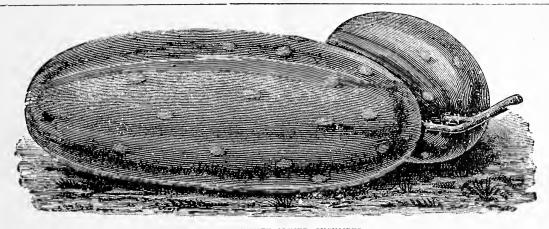
The sweet or sugar varieties, being l'anie to rot in the cold or wet ground, should not be planted before May or until the ground has become warm; the late varieties are more liable to rot than the early sorts. For a succession, continue planting every two weeks until the middle of July, in rich well-manured ground in hills 3 feet apart each way, 7 or 8 kernels in a hill, covering about an inch deep; thin out when up to 4 stalks and break off side shoots. Use plenty of old, fine manure, hoe often and draw up soil to stems. The extra early varieties can be planted nearer together than the late ones.



PRICE'S EARLY DAY-BREAK SWEET CORN.

Packets of each variety, 15 cents. By mail, add postage at Parcel Post rates, allowing 2 lbs. for 1 quart.

SWEET CORNSIC	F	OUR	OWN INTRODUCTION		
DDIOES NEW HARLY DAY DDIAY	A 6-		Pr qt	Pr	pk
plump, sweet and tender. It is the earliest of all Sweet	Corns.	rowed coming	in ahead of Extra Early White Cory. This is a fine extra		
PRICE'S 1900 SWEET CORN It has	a verv	large	ear set well down on the stalk, which is of medium tender. It is very early, a first-class family or market-	'O \$4	1 50
DRICE'S EVEDA HADIY COLOSCAL	A fin	lorge	extra early sort, ears set well down, stalk 5 feet high.	50 4	£ 50·
good and strong. Kernel large, plump, white and swee	t; ears	large	as the Champion and a week earlier. It is the curities	30 4	£ 50
stout, strong stalks about 6 feet high. It is early and	proline	, with	large, white, sweet and tender kernels. The cools white,	50	4 50
PRICE & REED'S CHAMPION. This is			early large-eared corns, sweet and tender	60 4	1 00
PRICE & KNICKERBOCKER'S EARL early sorts, with a large ear. The stalk grows 6 feet h kernels; large, plump, pearly-white, sweet and tender	Y PE igh, wi	E-AN th 2 or	D-KAY. Is very early, only a few days behind the 3 ears on a stalk. Ears 8 to 10-rowed, long and large	3 0	4 00
PRICE & KNICKERBOCKER'S EXTE	AEA	ARLY	TOM THUMB. Originated and introduced by us stalks about 3 feet high: ears large for so early a	30 /	4 00
variety. A splendid yielder, having 2 or 3 ears on a st	alk	• • • • • • • •			
PRICE'S EARLY GIANT		\$4 50	Pr. COUNTRY GENTLEMAN. Ears good size; kernel irregular, deep, white and sweet, resembling the		Pr pk
ASPINWALL. A large early sort, fine large cars. EARLY RED CORY. Very early, ears of good size and handsome. A good variety, a red cob, extra	50	4 00	Ne Plus Ultra		5 00
early sort EXTRA EARLY WHITE CORY. Same vari-	50	4 00	rowed ears; kernels pure white, sweet and tender \$0 Rlack Mexican Sugar. A medium early sort, ears	60	\$4 00
ety as above, with white cob and kernel; it is very early and a good variety	5 0	4 00	8-rowed, being white in a green state, and turning black as it becomes old; tender and sweet	60	<i>i</i> 00
MAMMOTH WHITE CORY. A large 12-rowed variety of White Cory, not as early as either the red or	40	4.50	Early Mammoth. A very large, medium early; fit for use about 10 days ahead of the Mammoth, with a large ear, white and sweet	60	4 50
white variety	60	4 50	MAMMOTH. One of the best late varieties, stalk good size, ears enormously large, 12 to 16-rowed, very		4 70
yellow, very sweet and tender; stalk growing about 3 feet high. The best for family use and can be planted earlier than most sorts.	80	5 00	tender and sweet, cob white, large and well filled EARLY EVERGREEN. Earlier than Stowell's	60 70	4 50 5 00
Bantam Evergreen	70 70	5 00 5 00	STOWELL'S EVERGREEN SUGAR. The latest and sweetest variety; stalks growing tall, producing from 3 to 5 ears, some of which will keep green till frost comes; ears handsome, 12 to 16-rowed, with a		
EARLY CROSBY. A fine early variety. Height about 3 feet; ears 10 to 16 rows, short and plump; kernels good size, tender and sweet	60	4 00	small, deep kernel, very tender and sweet; cob me- dium	70	5 00
Moore's Early Concord. A large dwarf variety, producing large ears; 12 to 16 rowed, tender and sweet.	60	4 00	PRICE'S GOLDEN EVERGREEN. Packet, 20 cents	90	6 00
SHAKER EARLY. An early variety with good- sized ears	60	4 00	Soiling or Sweet Corn for Fodder. This is used instead of the common white corn, being worth more as feed. It is used for feeding in a green state or		
Ne Plus Ultra (or Shoe Peg). Tender and gweet: long, white kernels, small cob	50	4 00	cured for fodder in Winter, being very nice for cattle, cut and mixed with meal. Per bushel, —.		



ARLINGTON WHITE SPINED CUCUMBER.

Pr oz Pr lb

FIELD CORN.

Prices on application.

Longfellow. An eight-rowed yellow flint sort...... Angel of Midnight. Ears eight-rowed, fine variety... Golden Dew Drop. Early; eight-rowed; kernels large Compton's Early. Ears from twelve to fifteen inches Early eight-rowed Yellow Canada. Ears small, eight-rowed, kernels smooth, hright yellow, cob small ... King Philip. Dark reddish yellow flint..... Early White Flint. Ears eight-rowed, ten inches Large Yellow Flint. Ears long, eight-rowed...... Eureka Ensilage Leaming. Early Dent variety.....

Pride of the North. It is an early Dent variety, ripening in ninety days, cob small, good kernel...... Early Mastodon. Very early Dent variety, with

large ears and long deep kernel; an immense yielder....

The Learning, Pride of the North, and Mastodon are the favorite Ensilage and Fodder corns, as the stalks grow tall and tender with more leaves than other varieties. Pop Corn. White Pearl, 20 cents. lb., ears.

CUCUMBER.

For main crop, plant the seeds in open ground as soon as the weather hecomes warm and settled, in hills four feet apart, using a shovelful of warm, well-rotted manure to each hill; cover manure with two inches of fine earth, and plant eight or ten seeds in each hill; cover these with one-half inch of soil well pressed down. Hoe often, and when out of danger of insects, thin out to three or four plants in a bill. Fruit should be plucked when large enough, wbether required for use or not, for if left on the vines it destroys their productiveness.

Packets of each variety 5 cents.

Early Russian. Earliest. Grows in pairs	\$0 15	\$1 00
EARLY GREEN CLUSTER. Early, small and prickly; very productive, growing in clusters	15	1 00
Green Prolific. Productive. Fine flavor and crisp	15	1 00
IMPROVED WHITE SPINE. A favorite market sort, of medium size, and deep green color; flesh crisp	15	1 25
Peerless White Spine. Fine variety, large and early	15	1 25
ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE. A selection from White Spine, more pointed at the end. The young fruit is very tender; color, dark green; fine pickling sort	15	1 40
EVERGREEN WHITE SPINE. A fine productive variety, holding its dark green color much longer than other sorts, both before and after being taken from the vines. Good length and size, straight and handsome.	15	1 40
Bennett's White Spine. Of fine shape and color	15	1 25
LONG GREEN. Color, dark green; firm and crisp	15	1 20
Price's Pickling. Strong, hardy, vigorous vines, thick		
symmetrical fruit, thick set with small spines	15	1 40
Klondyke	15	1 40
Davis Perfeet	15	1 40
PRICE'S HYBRID	15	1 50
West India Gherkin. Small, prickly, pickling only	15	2 00

EGG PLANT.

Sow thickly in hot bed, and if possible pick out, that they may become stocky. When about four inches high set out, thirty inches apart each way, in good rich soil, when the weather has become warm.

Pr pkt Pr oz IMPROVED PURPLE, Spineless. Largest and \$0 10 \$0 50 Black Beauty. Early and large

ENDIVE.

Sow from latter part of May to end of July, thinly in drills, and cover lightly. Thin out to eight inches apart when up, and give a good watering afterwards, if dry. To blanch, when the leaves are six to eight inches long, gather them together in the hand and tie near the top, or cover with boards; must be done when dry or they will decay. The crop may be taken up carefully (as the winter approaches), with a ball of earth to each plant and placed closely together in a cellur for use cellar for use.

	Pr pk	
GREEN CURLED. Best and most hardy	\$0 05	\$0 23
WHITE CURLED. Fine, but less hardy	05	28
Broad Leaved. Leaves broad and plain	05	25

KALE or BORECOLE.

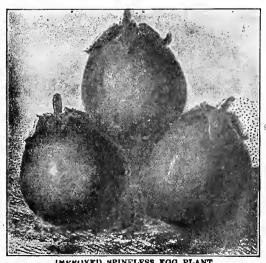
The richer the soil the more abundant the crop. Sow from the middle of April to the middle of May in prepared bed, covering seeds thinly and evenly; transplant in June, and treat the same as cabbage.

	Pr pkt	
Dwarf Curled. German Greens	\$0 05	\$0 30
Green Curled Scotch. (Tall.)	05	30
Siberian or Winter Sprouts	05	80
Sea (Chou marin). Cooked like Asparagus		40

KOHL-RABI

Half way between a turnip and cabbage, partaking of the nature and flavor of both. Sow from April to June; plant and cultivate the same as cabbage. Set out in drills 18 in. apart and 18 in. in the drill.

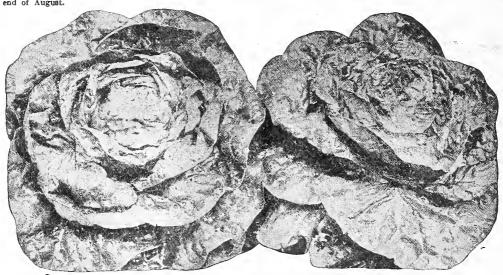
Early Purple Short Leaved Vienna. Purple. \$0 05 \$0 30 Early White Short Leaved Vienna. Flesh white 05 30



IMPROVED SPINELESS EGG PLANT.

LETTUCE

Sow in frames in March and transplant in rows, 1 foot apart each way, or in the open ground as early as the weather will permit. Sow seed thinly, and thin out well to make strong plants. Hoe and keep free from weeds. Sow a month apart for succession. Sowing can be made to the end of August.



PRICE'S MAMMOTH HEAD LETTUCE.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

P. & K.'s MAMMOTH HEAD. Introduced by us in 1876. A fine heading variety, with large, solid, compact, heads, resembling a cabbage. The outer leaves are dark green, and the head very white, crisp and tender.			
P. & K.'s IMPROVED EARLY CURLED SILESIA. Very curled and tender; fine for early and general crop; one of the best for market and family use.	20	2	00
Big Boston. Resembles the Boston Market, but larger and later; crisp and tender, good for forcing or open ground	20	2	00
BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON. Lighter in color than the ordinary curled Simpson, the leaves being almost white. It does not properly form a head, but a compact mass of leaves. Stands the heat well and grows large	20	1	50
IMP. SALAMANDER. A fine Summer variety, resisting the heat and drouth		1	
PRICE'S HEAT RESISTING. Fine summer sort	1 20	\$1	60
Grand Rapids. Fine for forcing; forms loose head; curled yellowish green leaves; stands shipping	20	1	60
Boston Market. Compact, white and crisp	20		50
Iceberg. Crisp and tender	20	1	50
Early Curled Simpson. Early variety	20	1	50
Mammoth Black Seeded Butter. Fine sort	20	1	75
Prize Head. A large curly head, tinged with red	20	1	50
HANSON. A solid and compact cabbage variety	20	1	60
Tennis Ball. Close, compact and tender	20	1	50
Romaine. Long, straight, narrow leaves, which form solid conical heads; white, crisp and tender	20	1	75

LEEK.

Sow as early in the Spring as the season admits, either in seed hed or places where they are intended to grow. When 4 inches in height, thin to 3 inches apart. When from 6 to 8 inches high, transplant in a deep rich soil, in rows 12 inches apart and 6 inches in a row, leaving those in the drill about 6 inches apart. Set as deep as possible without covering the small center leaves; draw the earth up to them as they grow.

	Pr pkt		
BEST FLAG. Large; one of the best	. \$0 05	\$0 30	\$3 00
Large Rouen. Good variety	. 05	30	3 00
Monstrous Carentan. Large and fine		30	3 00

MARTYNIA.

Plant in May in open ground, 3 feet apart; leave 1 plant in each hill, or sow in hot-bed and transplant. Pick when the size of the little finger to make nice looking pickles; for general use, as long as a knife blade will penetrate easily.

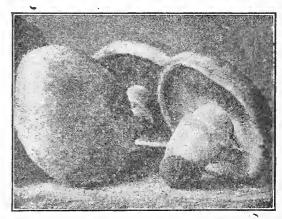
Pr pkt Pr oz \$0 05 \$0 39

MUSHROOMS.

Mushrooms may be grown in a cellar or shed, or in beds prepared in the open air, in the same manner as hot beds. Take fresh horse droppings and mix with about the same weight of loam. Turn and mix every day until the required amount is obtained. When the heap has cooled off to about 90 or 95 degrees, make the beds 4 feet wide and 8 inches deep, each layer firmly trodden down. When the temperature has fallen to about 90 degrees put in the spawn, in pieces about the size of a hen's egg, 2 inches deep and 12 inches apart each way; in 10 or 12 days cover with 2 inches of loam, and beat firmly down with the spade; cover this with 3 or 4 inches of hay or straw. The temperature should be as nearly uniform a possible, but should range only between the extremes of 60 and 70 legrees. They will appear in from 4 to 6 weeks.

English (in bricks), per lb., 25c.

Pamphlet. How to grow Mushrooms, 10c. each.



MUSTARD.

For salad, sow thickly in shallow drills 6 inches apart, during April and May, pressing the earth well down; cut when about 2 inches high. White London. Best for salad \$0 10 \$0 80

NASTURTIUM.

Sow in drills about an inch deep, in May and June. The tall kind near fences, or where they can climb and have support.

Pr pkt Pr oz Pr lb Tall Nasturtium. Best for covering trellises,

etc., 8 feet

Dwarf Nasturtium. For pickles..... \$0 05 \$0 15 \$1 00



THE CELEBRATED BAKER MELON. Seed Raised at Grand View Farm.

Deep Salmon Flesh, Very Heavy Net, Flavor Unsurpassed, Heavy Shell, an Excellent Shipper.

We have a limited quantity of seed, taken from these selected Melons, which we offer for sale this season. Pkt., 15c., oz., 50c.; ½ lb., \$1.60; ½ lb., \$3.00; per lb., \$6.00. Postpaid.

MUSKMELON.

Plant in hills 3 feet apart each way; a dozen seeds in each hill. Thin out to 2 or 3 plants when out of danger of the bugs. Manure well with old, rotten compost. A light, dry sandy soil is the best. Use plenty of tobacco, soot or wood ashes to keep off the bugs. The different kinds should be kept far apart, as they are very apt to hybridize. hybridize.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.			
PRICE and KNICKERBOCKER'S SUR- PRISE. Originated and introduced by us in 1876. (Headquarters Seed.) Has a thin, cream-colored skin, thickly netted; flesh is of deep salmon color, very thick and of exquisite flavor. It is a good bearer and keeper, round in shape, resembling the Nutmeg; early, very pop-		Pr	lb
ular and undoubtedly the best melon in cultivation		\$1	75
TIP TOP. Very productive, nearly round, slightly ribbed and well netted; flesh deep salmon	15	1	50
and fine flavor. MILLER'S CREAM. Flesh of a rich salmon color,	15	1	50
so thick as to be almost solid; seed cavity very small, and for this reason will remain in good condition for several days. The rind is very thin and a little netted. The flavor, sweet and delicious, strong growing and pro-			
ductive EMERALD GEM. Skin ribbed but perfectly smooth,	15	1	75
of a deep emerald green; flesh salmon, thick and of fine flavor; very early and prolific	15	1	50
shape, flattened at the end, skin thin and thickly netted; flesh green, rich, and of a sugary flavor. It is very early, ROCKY FORD. Skin rich greenish yellow with light	15	1	50
nettings; flesh deep, light green, ripening clear to rind, with small seed cavity; very sweet and fine flavored	15	1	50

WATERMELON.

CULTURE. The same as the muskmelon, save the hills should be 8 feet apart each way.

Packets of each variety, 5 c

rackets of each variety, 5 cents.					
Harris's Early. A large early melon, of fine quality;	Pr	oz	Pr	lb	
flesh bright red; very sweet; skin dark and light, green					
mottled	\$0	10	\$1	25	
SWEET HEART. Large size, fine quality. Form					
oval, color light green, flesh red		10	1	00	
COLE'S EARLY. Medium size, round, rind thin,					
dark green striped; flesh dark and sweet		10	1	00	
Monte Cristo (or Kleckley's Sweet). Large and oblong				-	
shaped, with dark green skin, thin rind and scarlet					
flesh early and very sweet		10	1	25	

WATERMELON -Continued.

long, dark green, thin rind, red flesh, solid and sweet ... BLACK SPANISH. Large, round, dark skinned; flesh red and sweet CITRON. Used for preserves

OKRA or GUMBO.

Plant in the Spring, after the ground has become warm, in drills 2 right in the spring, after the ground has become waith, in the feet apart for the dwarf varieties, and 3 feet for the tall, where the plants are to remain. Thin out to 1 foot apart. Hoe and draw the earth up occasionally to the stems. Manure well. Pods delicious for soup when young.

Pr pkt Pr oz Pr lb

10 1 00

10 1 00

10 1 25

Perkin's Mammoth Long Green. Hand-. \$0 05 **\$0 10 \$0 90** than other varieties and produced in abundance ... 10



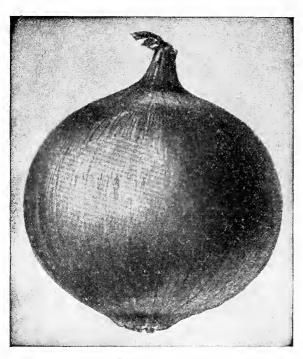


WHITE VELVET OKRA.

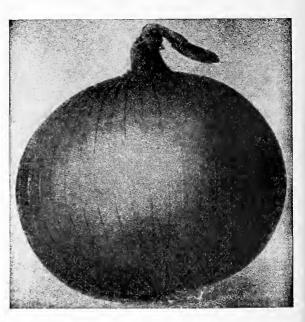
ONION

Best Quality Eastern Grown. Packets of each variety, 10 cents.

Onions should be sown in shallow drills 1 inch deep and 12 to 16 inches apart, in rich, loamy soil, deeply dug and lightly rolled, as early in Spring as practicable. It is better to have land that has been used for hoed crops for a year or two, and has been well manured. If the requisite amount of manure is put on all at once it is apt to make the bulbs soft. If manured gradually the land cannot be made too rich. The manure, however, should not be rank, but should be well fermented. Ground bone or superphosphate may be used, but if they are, they should be well applied, partly when the crop is sown and partly as the bulbs begin to form. It is advisable to use a seed drill in planting, first testing the regulator upon a floor to see if it allows the seeds to pass out in proper propertion. From 5 to6 pounds to the acre is usually sown. If the drill used has no roller, a hand roller should be passed over the ground immediate after sowing. As soon as the onions are up so that the rows can be seen they should have the first hoeing, just skimming the ground between the rows. After a few days they should be hoed close up to the plants and weeded and thinned out. This must be done thoroughly. In about two weeks another hoeing and weeding should he given, and in two weeks more still another.



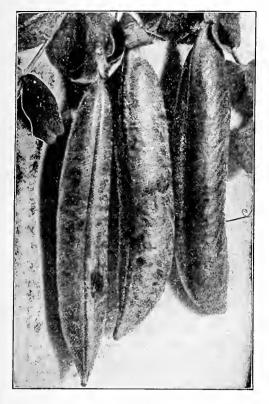
PRICE'S LARGE WHITE GLOBE.

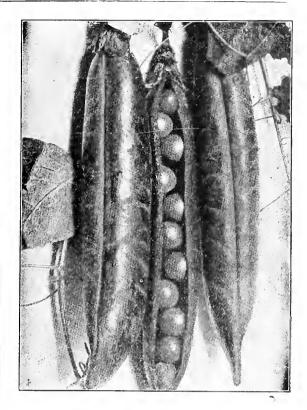


PRICE'S IMPROVED YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS.

PRICE'S IMPROVED YELLOW GLOBE.	Pr o	z Pı	lb
My own selected strain. Early, a good keeper, round in			
form and a great yielder, having produced 1,200 bushels			
to an acre. Have had single specimens weighing 1%			
pounds each. This is a remarkably fine strain of many			
years' selection. It does not differ much in shape from			
the best Yellow Globe Danvers, but is a sure cropper, a			
great keeper, and will produce more large, sound Onions			
than any variety grown. This is the Onion to use	\$0 5	0 \$5	00
SELECTED YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. A good yielder and keeper		0 4	E 0
A good yielder and keeper	4	J 4	- 50
MICHIGAN YELLOW GLOBE. Fine grained,			
mild flavor and productive	50	4	50
0 4 4 77 11 01 1 01 1 01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Southport Yellow Globe. Globular shaped, mild	_		
and yields well	5	0 4	50
Prize Taker. A large handsome Globe Onion of light			
straw color, small neck, firm and solid, a great yielder	E.	0 5	00
Bulaw Color, Binair neck, firm and Solid, a great yleider		, ,	00
Large Red Globe. Globular in form; mild flavor	5	0 4	50

	Pr oz	Pr lb
LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD. Standard large deep red, good keeper		\$4 50
WHITE PORTUGAL OR SILVER SKIN. Flavor mild, fair size, handsome shape	50	6 00
PRICE'S IMPROVED WHITE GLOBE. Oval form, white, mild, pleasant flavor; keeps well; a fine variety	50	6 00
The Queen. A white-skinned, rapid-growing, long-keeping variety	50	6 00
Extra Early White Pearl. A fine early variety; round, flattened at end, mild and good flavor; waxy white	50	6 00
ONION SETS Per Bushel, Market P	rice.	
Plant in rows 1 foot apart, 3 inches apart in the row as ground is dry enough; can he used in a green state in will riven off by July		





GRADUS

IMPROVED TELEPHONE.

PEAS

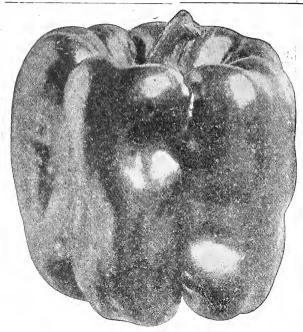
Northern Grown, all hand picked. Plant as early as the ground can be worked, in single or double rows, from 3 to 4 feet apart, leave an inch apart in the row and 3 inches deep. (In Summer they should be planted 6 inches deep.) Hoe often. They will mature early in light, dry soil, especially if manured the previous season, but should not be manured too highly at the time of planting. If they grow too fast, and show no sign of bloom, run a spade down on each side, about 6 inches from the row, and thus root prune them, which will cause them to bloom in a few days. For a succession plant every two weeks during the season. For early peas the soil should be light, warm and sheltered, but for a general crop, a moderately heavy soil is better.

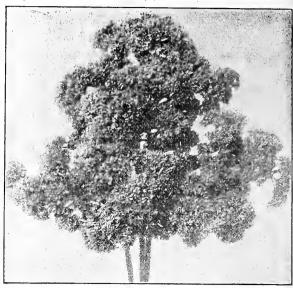
By mail, add postage at Parcel Post rates, allowing 2 lbs. for 1 quart. Packets of each variety, 15 cents.

* Wrinkled varieties, the best and sweetest, should be planted much thicker, being liable to rot.

Extra Early. PRICE'S EARLIEST. An extra early variety,	Pr	qt	Pr	pk
PRICE'S EARLIEST. An extra early variety,				
with good-sized pods produced in great abundance. The				
earliest of all peas	\$0	60	\$4	00
PROLIFIC, EARLY MARKET. Very early		60	3	75
P. & R.'s LIGHTNING. Extra early; vines grow				
ahout 2 feet high, with good-sized pods		50	3	75
EARLIEST OF ALL. A very early, free cropping				
blue pea, of fine flavor, with good-sized, fine-shaped,			_	
well-filled pods. Very prolific		60	3	75
LASKA. A very fine-flavored and prolific variety.			_	
One of the earliest sorts. Good pods and well filled			3	
Ameer or Claudit. Fine flavored and early		60	4	00
GRADUS. A wrinkled variety, very early, with large				
handsome pods. Sweet, tender and a fine family sort		70	4	00
Laxtonian. The finest dwarf wrinkled Pea. Vines 18				
.20 inches high, and produces a large crop of dark green			_	
pods. As large and earlier than Gradus		80	5	00
McLEAN'S ADVANCER. A green wrinkled pea				
of fine flavor, very prolific, with good-sized pods		50	3	50
Dwarf Extra Early.				
THOS. LAXTON. A fine wrinkled variety re-				
sembling the Gradus: very early, with large, long				
straight pods, well filled with large fine-flavored peas. Grows about 18 inches high				
Grows about 18 inches high		70	4	00
LITTLE MARVEL. A very early, productive,				
wrinkled sort, with handsome, well-filled pods	-	60	4	50
AMERICAN WONDER. A very early, green				
wrinkled, dwarf variety		60	4	00
SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR. An early wrinkled				
sort, with large, long pods well filled with fine, large				
tender peas, of sweet and delicious flavor		70	4	50

Pr	qt	Pr	Pk
*EXTRA EARLY PREMIUM GEM. A dwarf variety, resembling the Little Gem, with larger pods	50	4	00
* Nott's Excelsior. A splendid dwarf, extra early, wrinkled sort, strong vines like Premium Gem, but more prolific; good-sized pods, well filled; very sweet and a	60		00
first-class pea, growing 12 inches high	60	4	v
 McLEAN'S LITTLE GEM. A dwarf, green wrinkled marrow, of splendid flavor and a great bearer 	60	4	00
* STRATAGEM (Improved Stock). A very fine, pro- lific, wrinkled marrow, with large, handsome pods	60	4	00
GENERAL CROP.			
PRICE'S KING OF THE MARKET. One of the largest and handsomest peas grown, resembles Telephones; very prolific, pods large	60	\$4	00
* PRICE'S IMPROVED TELEPHONE. A wrinkled variety of very robust habit and a great bearer. A single vine produces from 18 to 20 unusually long well-filled pods of largest size, containing 10 to 12 peas, often forming a double row. It is very productive, of fine			
flavor, and an excellent table variety	60	4	50
*ADMIRAL DEWEY. Pods large, well filled with large, handsome peas, of strong robust growth	60	4	00
ALDERMAN. A valuable variety; the vines are vigor-			
ous, with large, handsome pods, resembling Telephone	60	_	
*DUKE OF ALBANY. A large podded sort	60	_	50
* LONG ISLAND MAMMOTH. Large, late sort.	60	4	00
* CHAMPION OF ENGLAND. (Improved Stock.)			
Very sweet, tender, and a great bearer; 5 feet	60	_	
BLACK EYE MARROWFAT. (Hand picked) Canada Field. Market price.	40	2	60





CRIMSON GIANT PEPPER

Pr oz Pr lb

15 1 75

DOUBLE CURLED PARSLEY

PARSNIPS.

Sow in drills one-half inch deep, and fifteen inches apart, as early in Spring as weather permits. When plants are two or three inches h thin out to six inches in the row. Hoe frequently. Soil should be rich and deep, well pressed or rolled. Take up what you may need Winter use and store in celler; leave the rest in the ground till Spring, where they keep better and become tender and sweet.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

LONG SMOOTH SWEET. Best general crop \$0 15 \$1 75

IDEAL HOLLOW CROWN. A great cropper, tender and sugary. Keeping well and grows to a large

15 1 75 Guernsey Cup, or Hollow Crown. Good variety

15 1 75 Sutton's Student. Best for table

PARSLEY.

Sow early in the Spring in drills one foot apart, covering half an inch deep, in a rich soil. Thin plants to four inches apart when two inches high. As the seed germinates very slowly, three or four weeks sometimes elapse before it makes its appearance. It is good to soak the seed in luke warm water before sowing. To preserve in Winter, take out the plant and treat like celery.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

EXTRA DOUBLE CURLED. The best\$0 15 \$1 25 Moss Curled. A fine variety. Very double curled HAMBURGH 15 1 25 PLAIN

PEPPER.

Sow in hot-bed in March or April, in seed bed or in open ground in a light, warm soil, about the first of May. When three inches high transplant to eighteen inches apart each way, in good rich ground. Hoe often.



Packets of each variety, 10c. Proz Prl

CRIMSON GIANT PEPPER.

A fine large mild pepper, double the size of the Ruby King. It makes a beautiful appearance. Plants grow about two feet high, strong and stocky. Pkt., 10 cts. \$0.60 \$8.00

Ruby King. Mild and pleasant to the taste, of a bright scarlet color.. 60 7 2

60 7 00

60 7 25

60 6 50

60 6 00

LARGE BELL, OR BULL NOSE. Early, mild, rind thick, fleshy and tender

Ruby Giant. Similar to Ruby King, the fruit grows somewhat larger and a little broader at base.

SWEET SPANISH. Large, long, mild. Used for salads

Long Red Cayenne. For spicing

PUMPKINS.

Cultivate same as squash, or plant in the Spring amongst the field corn. Avoid planting near other

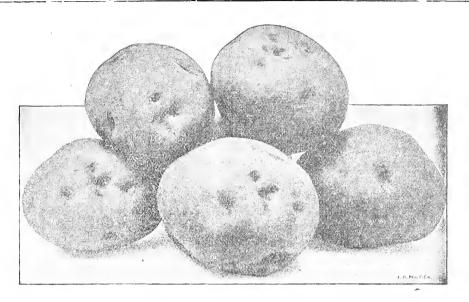
Prokt Proz Pr II Large Cheese. For family 15 1 2

Cushaw. Similar to Winter Crookneck Squash 15 1 5

Sugar. Smaller than the large cheese. Best for table...... 15 1 2 Connecticut Field

PRICE'S FINE MIXED LAWN GRASS. SEE PAGE 20

POTATOES



IRISH COBBLER POTATOES

Prices Subject to Variations of the Market.

A good sandy loam produces the best potatoes, but they can be grown on all kinds of soil. New or pasture land, with the turf freshly turned, produces the finest crop. Make furrows of good depth, 3 feet apart. Scatter a liberal dressing of phosphate or decayed stable manure along the drill and set the seed about 10 inches apart in the rows. Cover with about 2 inches of soil, and begin to cultivate when the plants are well up. At each successive hoeing bring additional soil about the plants. A change of seed is the best antidote for disease. Four barrels are sufficient to plant one acre in drills.

These potatoes are grown especially for seed, in the north of Michigan, and are entirely free from rot or powdery scab. They are true to name, clean and smooth, and will be very desirable to plant as they will insure earlier and better-sized crops than could be had from any grown about here. Changing your seed will improve your crop and produce a much better quality and larger yield. In this way you will be more than repaid for the money expended. I would suggest that those of my customers who want new seed potatoes, send their orders early, as the stock is limited and cannot be replaced.

Barrels contain 165 pounds of potatocs.

Prices on application.

Pr pk Pr bu Pr bbl	Pr pk Pr bu Pr bbl
PRICE'S EARLY SUNRISE. The earliest of all. Introduced by us in 1876, and still holds its own. Has given better satisfaction than any sort ever offered since the Early Rose. Planted with all the earliest kinds, it was ripe in advance of any, producing potatoes fit for the table in fifty days from the time of planting. The tubers are oblong, large, solid, uniform and handsome; flesh white, fine-grained and dry, cooking well, even when first dug; very productive and of fine keeping qualities; vines, dark green, good strong growers	Early Rose. A true stock of that fine old variety RUSSETT. A fine medium variety Sir Walter Raleigh. A fine medium variety; flesh white; fine grained and a good yielder; fine cooker. GOLD COIN. A medium variety, growing to a good size; flesh white, very productive, fine cooking variety
ripens early and yields largely. The tubers are of large size, smooth, white, with strong and healthy sprouts; flesh white and finest quality, and has given wonderful satisfaction. It is the leading early variety, and is also a good keeper — —	Money Maker. A long, handsome, fine-shaped, smooth, late, white variety. Eyes nearly even with surface; very fine grained with good cooking qualities; a strong grower and enormously large yielder
BOVEE. Fine variety, tubers of oval shape, growing large and compactly in the soil; flesh fine-grained, dry and white. It is very early and a large yielder	UNCLE SAM. A main crop variety with large, oval-shaped tubers; flesh white, shallow eyes, with light russet skin, and is a very heavy yielder Carman No. 3. Produces large, uniform, handsome tubers, slightly flattened, growing close to the plant. The skin and flesh extremely white and its cooking qualities are excellent. It is a strong grower and an unusually large yielder,
l'ent yielder — — — —	ripens among the later sorts

Sheep Manure is a Good Potato Fertilizer

RADISH

Sow early varieties in the Spring, as early as the ground can be worked, in drills ten inches apart, covering the seed half an inch deep; thin the plants to an inch apart in the row. As they are more succulent and tender when grown quickly, a rich, moist, sandy soil should be selected, and frequently watered in dry weather. For a succession sow every two weeks till midsummer.

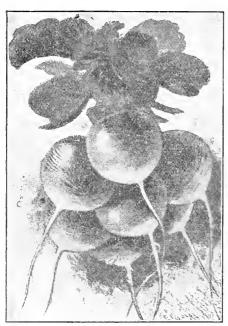
Packets, 5 cents.

		,	
PRICE'S FORCING. Beautiful red, very early \$0		Pr 1b \$2 00	Olive-shaped White. White.
EXTRA EARLY SCARLET TURNIP. In shape and form like Scarlet Turnip, but is earlier and has			Giant Stuttgart. Of a large and skin pure white; quality fine:
smaller tops EXTRA EARLY DEEP SCARLET TURNIP		2 00 2 00	WHITE STRASBURG. Of and flesh white. Fine Summer van
NON PLUS ULTRA. Round in shape; deep red color; short top; tender and fine flavor; very early	15	2 00	Yellow Summer Turnip. Trusset color, growing to a large si
ROSY GEM or RAPID FORCING. An early variety, round in shape; crisp and tender	15	1 75	GOLDEN YELLOW OVAL ICICLE. Finest long, white, ter
EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. A fine variety for forcing. Shape roundish oval; skin red; flesh white, solid			BLACK SPANISH WINTS hardy and fine for winter use
and crisp	15	2 00	Black Spanish Winter, R
EXTRA EARLY RED FORCING. Turnip shape; short top, dark red; white flesh. Fine for forcing	15	1 75	Half Long Black. Large and
EARLY SCARLET TURNIP. Standard variety, small, round, red, turnip-shaped, mild and crisp	15	1 75	CHINESE ROSE, Winter. cellent flavor; good at all seasons
EARLY DEEP SCARLET TURNIP. Quick growing, mild, bright color, good shape, tender	15	1 75	WHITE CELESTIAL. Bes radishes, flesh crisp and mild
EXTRA EARLY WHITE TURNIP. Rapid grower	15	1 50	RHUB
SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIP. An early variety, red top and white bottom		1 75	Sow in drills eighteen inches a plants to six inches. In the fall tre it well; transplant the young plan
OLIVE-SHAPED SCARLET. Good quality	15	1 50	way. Cover with litter the first wi should be given each fall. It is better
OLIVE-SHAPED DEEP SCARLET. Deep color, early	15	1 50	Linnaeus. Standard. Per packe
Olive-shaped Scarlet, White Tip. Forcing		1 50	Roots. 15 cents; $$1.50$ per $$2.25$ per doz.

Olive-shaped White. White	Pr oz \$0 15		
Giant Stuttgart. Of a large size and early. Flesh and skin pure white; quality fine; firm and brittle		1 75	
WHITE STRASBURG. Of a tapering shape. Skin and flesh white. Fine Summer variety	15	1 75	
Yellow Summer Turnip. Turnip-shaped, of gray or russet color, growing to a large size	15	1 75	
GOLDEN YELLOW OVAL	15	1 75	
ICICLE. Finest long, white, tender variety	15	2 00	
BLACK SPANISH WINTER, LONG. Very hardy and fine for winter use.	15	1 50	
Black Spanish Winter, Round. For Winter;			
good keeper	15	1 75	
Half Long Black. Large and fine	15	1 75	
CHINESE ROSE, Winter. Color, bright rose; excellent flavor; good at all seasons	15	1 50	
WHITE CELESTIAL. Best of the large white radishes, flesh crisp and mild	15	2 00	

ARB.

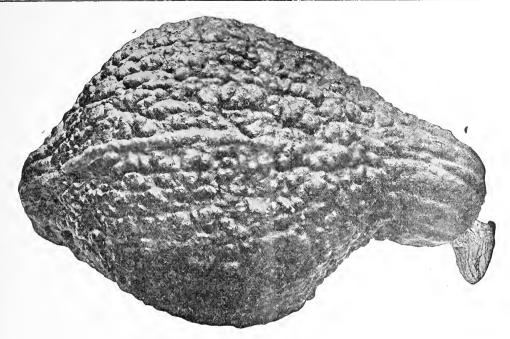
part; cover one inch deep; thin each a piece of ground and manure ints into it, three feet apart each inter: a dressing of coarse manure r to buy roots which yield at once. et, 5 cents; per ounce, 40 cents. doz.; by mail, 20 cents each;



SCARLET TURNIP WHITE TIP RADISH.



SCARLET GLOBE RADISH.



IMPROVED WARTED HUBBARD SQUASH

15 1 60

15 1 60

15 1 40

25

25

SQUASH.

Prepare the ground by thoroughly pulverizing it. Manure highly. All vines delight in warm and rich soil. Plant in hills 9 to 10 feet apart for running varieties, 5 to 6 feet for bush sort, working some the, rich manure into each hill. Plant 8 or 10 seeds and when out of danger of bugs leave only 2 plants to the hill. Dust with lime or lug shot to protect from bugs in the early stages of growth. Cultivate till runners are well started.

rate till runners are well started.			
Packets of each variety, 5 cents.	Pr oz	Pr lb	
WAMMOTH WHITE BUSH. An improvement on the White Scollop Bush variety, growing double the size, ripens early, skin handsome, white and very productive	\$0 15	\$1 75	
EARLY WHITE SCOLLOP BUSH. A flat early scollop-shaped variety; rind smooth; use when young and tender	15	1 50	
LEMON SCOLLOP BUSH. Like the preceding, of a deep yellow		1 50	
SUMMER GOLDEN CROOKNECK. Productive	15	1 50	
GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK. A very large variety of the Summer Crookneck, having a thick flesh and very few seeds. Prolific and of excellent flavor; early.		1 75	
Faxon. A fine variety; flesh deep orange yellow, very sweet and dry, of excellent flavor; cavity small and seeds few, shell very thin and varies in color from pale yellow to a mottled green; it is very early and a splendid keeper.		1 50	
COCOZELLE or ITALIAN MARROW		1 50	
EXTRA EARLY PROLIFIC ORANGE MARROW. About two weeks earlier than the Boston Marrow, and grows as large as the Hubbard. The flesh is very thick, of fine grain and good quality and keeps in firm condition from September to January. The skin is of a bright orange color.		1 78	
Perfect Gem. Excellent for Summer and Winter; won- derfully productive; color creamy white, with a thin mooth skin; flesh very fine grained, sweet and dry, with a delicious flavor		1 75	
HUBBARD. The standard late variety; large size; flesh fine, close-grained, dry and fine flavor; skin dark green; keeps splendidly.		1 60	

Warted Hubbard. Good quality, resembling Hubbard, but more warty.....

Red Hubbard. In shape and size resembling Hubbard, but of rich orange red in color, and earlier......

BOSTON MARROW. Standard; color bright orange, flesh deep orange; fine flavored; a good keeper...

Mammoth Chili. Grows to an enormous size, often weighing 150 pounds; color light green.....

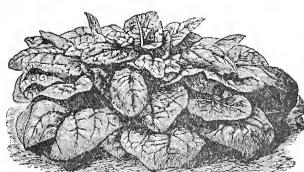
Vegetable Cream Marrow. A favorite English

variety; skin greenish yellow; flesh soft white and fineflavored . . . For Summer use sow early in the Spring, in deep, rich soil, well manured, in drills 1 foot apart, covering the seed 1 inch deep. For very early Spring use, sow in August, and protect the plants through the Winter with covering of leaves or straw. For a succession, sow at intervals of 2 weeks.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

SAVOY LEAVED. Leaves thick large, and fleshy; Pr oz Pr lb

SPINACH.



SAVOY LEAVED SPINACH.

SALSIFY, or VEGETABLE OYSTER.

Sow as early as the ground can be worked in the Spring, in a light mellow soil, which should be stirred to a depth of 18 inches; sow in drills 12 inches apart, 1 inch deep and thin out to 4 or 5 inches in a row. Keep clear from weeds. Cultivate the same as the parenip.

Packet of each variety, 5 cents. Proz Prlb Sandwich Island Mammoth. Roots nearly double the size of the common variety, and of good quality..... \$0.30 \$2.75

Pr oz Pr lb

60 6 50

60 6 50

60 6 50

60 6 50

TOMATO.

Sow in hot-beds in March. Transplant to open ground when the weather becomes warm and settled, or sow in open ground in May and transplant when plants are 6 inches high. The richer the soil the more handsome and plentiful the fruit; but to have the fruit ripen as early as possible, select rather light, poor soil and a sunny location. Plant in hills, 4 feet apart each way. After the fruit is set, pinch off the ends to check growth, gradually strip off leaves to expose the fruit to the sun.

Packets of each variety, 10 cents.

bearer. It is solid with very few seeds.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL. A very fine sort, growing large, solid and smooth. The color is of a bright red, similar to the stone. It is very early, a little behind the Earliana, but producing about 3 times as much fruit and the most uniform and smoothest grown; good market variety.

stem end coloring up perfectly. A good grower and

JOHN BAER. An early Tomato of recent introduction, with beautiful, large, Bright Red, solid fruit, and a great yielder, ripening right up to the stem end. Good shipping qualities

DWARF STONE. Double the size of the Dwarf Champion, and is the largest fruited upright growing variety. The habit of vine resembles Dwarf Champion, of much stronger growth and more erect. The color is deep red, of a perfect, thick, smooth shape, a good skin which is free from cracks at stem end, very solid, ripens evenly and of excellent quality.

Bonny Best. An early and productive variety. Fruits are round, somewhat flattened at stem end and produced in abundance. Color a fine scarlet and it is of good quality. It is a good forcing tomato.......

LIVINGS ON'S FAVORITE. A large, early, smooth, perfect shaped tomato, of a dark red color; does not rot or crack, ripens evenly, very prolific, flesh solid.

Matchless. It is a vigorous grower, with thrifty vines,

Strawberry. (Ground Cherry.) The fruit has a pleasant

60 5 50

SORREL.

Sow in Spring in drills twelve inches apart, and thin to six inches in the row. Per pkt Pros. Sorrel. Good to eat with spinach. \$0.05 \\$0.25

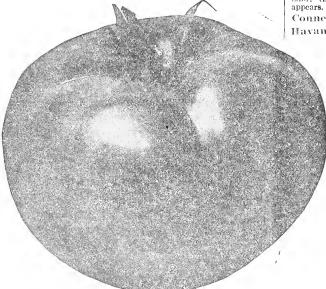
TOBACCO.

Start in hot-beds or out of doors as soon as the ground can be worked, in rich, dry soil; rake off the bed and sow broadcast, pressing down firmly and evenly; 2eep free from weeds, and water frequently if the weather is dry; set out the first of June, three feet apart, in heavily manured land; the tohacco worm must be removed as soon as it appears.

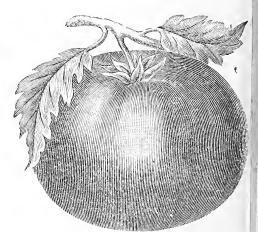
Pr.

 Connecticut Seed Leaf
 \$0 10 \$0 40

 Havana
 10 50

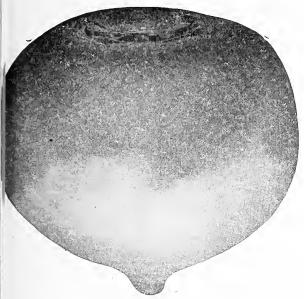


STONE TOMATO.



PRICE'S NEW PINK TOMATO.

Price on



RED TOP WHITE GLOBE TURNIP.

TURNIP.

For early use, sow as soon as the ground can be worked in the Spring, in drills fourteen inches apart, covering but slightly, except in dry weather. The soil should be light, and, if possible, new. Manure with plaster, ashes or phosphate. Thin the early varieties to six inches part, and the Rutabagas to one foot. For Fall and Winter use, the early kinds should be sown in July and August, and Rutabagas through June and July. Hoe them a month after sowing.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

Special price on 10 pounds and upwards.

Price & Reed's New Eureka (Egyptian). A white, smooth, fine-grained variety. Half long in shape resembling the White Egg, only running down straight to a tap root instead of being oval at bottom. Crop		Pr lb
failed	\$0 25	\$2 5 0 2 5 0
EARLY WHITE MILAN. An early variety of handsome appearance, somewhat flattened, with snowwhite flesh		2 50
Snowball. A medium sized, round, pure white variety of fine flavor, tender and crisp; best for early sowing	15	2 00
RED TOP STRAP LEAF. A standard variety; white, with a red or purple top above ground; good for garden or field use	15	1 75
RED TOP GLOBE. Globular shape, handsome, and of superior quality; either for table or stock; color white, with red or purple top, resembling the above. It is a heavy producer, early, and a good keeper; one of the best varieties for table use and feeding stock	20	2 06
Yellow Globe. Solid, globular shape; small tap root.	15	1 50
White Globe. Globular shaped; small tap root	15	2 00
White Egg-shaped. Shaped like an egg; good size, fine white flesh, very smooth; fine-grained, sweet, and a good yielder	20	2 00
ROBSON'S GOLDEN BALL. Yellow standard; rich flavor, quick grower, bright yellow skin. cream-colored flesh; good keeper, round in form	20	2 00
Cow Horn. A long carrot-shaped variety	15	1 75
Yellow Stone. A globe-shaped turnip	20	2 50
RUTABAGA or SWEDE.		
Bangholm	Pr oz \$0 15	

SKURVING'S. Large, solid, early, with purple top; yellow below ground; one of the best varieties......

American Purple Top. Standard variety, largely

		ved. Large,			20	2 00
White. A	large, solid, Russian Turn	white variety;	sometimes c	alled	15	2 00

BIRD SEEDS.

By mail, add postage at Parcel Post rates.

If you wish to keep your Birds in good condition and have them sing well, feed them good Bird Seed. We sell only the very best Sicily Canary, English or German Rape, German Millet and Russian Hemp. One trouble with the Bird Seed sold in boxes in the stores, is that it contains common Canary, oftentimes musty, which, of course, is injurious to your Birds. Our seed, mixed of the very best quality, costs no more than sold in boxes. Bear this in mind when you want Bird Seed.

Mixed Bird Seed. Mixed of Sicily Canary, German Rape, German Millet and a very little Russian Hemp; just enough to keep your Birds in good condition. 15 cents per pound.

Canary and Rape. 15 cents per pound.

Clear Canary. 15 cents per pound.

English Rape. Price on application.

Hemp. 15 cents per pound.

Washed Silver Sand. 10 cents per quart; 5 cents per pint.

Song Restorer. For restoring song; also a tonic for improving the plumage. Per bottle, 25 cents.

Bird Manna, 15 cents package.

ROUGH RICE. 25 cents per pound.

SUNFLOWER. 12 cents per pound.

PARROT SEED, Rough Rice, Sunflower and Hemp, mixed. 12 cents per pound.

Bird Lettuce, 5 cents per ounce.

Cuttle Fish Bone, 5 cents each.

GRAIN.

				applica	tion.
Pride of Michigan	White	Oats		• • • • • • • • • •	• • • •
20th Century Oats					• • • •
Heavy Weight Oats					• • • •
Japanese Buckwhea	at				• • • •
Cow Peas, Vetches	, Kaffir	Corn,	Soja	Beans,	
Canada Field Pea garian.	s, Essex	Rape,	Millet	Hun-	

HERB SEEDS.

	Pr pkt	Pr oz
Dill. Perennial, three feet	\$0 05	\$0 15
Lavender. Perennial, two feet	. 05	30
Sage. Annual, one foot	. 05	50
Sweet Fennel. Perennial, four feet	05	25
Summer Savory. Annual, one foot	05	25
Sweet Marjoram. Annual, one foot	0.5	50
Thyme. (French.) Perennial, one foot	10	50

MISCELLANEOUS.

Evergreen	Broom	Corn.	Tall	 	• • •	• • • •	
Flax Seed	• • • • • • • •			 • • •	• • •	• • • •	
717 - 3 33							

15 2 00

15 1 50



By mail, add postage at Parcel Post rates, allowing 1 lb. for 1 qt.

PRICE'S FINE MIXED LAWN GRASS is composed of a mixture of the best varieties of fine swarding grasses, especially adapted for seeding down lawns, door-yards, cemetery lots, etc., in this climate. It makes a short top and strong root, and when growaproduces a soft, compact, velvety turf. A beautiful lawn can only be had by using a good mixture of grasses. By using our mixture and cutting often, when grown, a beautiful green sward can be obtained. We have made this mixture a careful study, and it has given great satisfaction. In making a Lawn the ground should have a heavy coat of stable or sheep manure, which should be spaded or plowed in to the depth of 12 inches, the soil pulverized fine, then top-dress with sheep manure and rake in thoroughly; all stones and roots should be removed, there should be no depressions where water could stand. The seed should be sown evenly and plentifully (using about 6 bushels to the acre), be sure to cover all parts of the ground carefully, then rake lightly in and roll with a Garden Roller if possible, if not use a heavy plank, as it is very necessary the ground should be firm after seed is sown, the firmer the ground the quicker the seed will start. To renew an old lawn, a good liberal dressing of Sheep Manure should be applied and then raked thoroughly, sow seed evenly, covering all parts of the ground plentifully and rake lightly in; this should be done when grass is free from moisture or the seed and fertilizer would adhere to the grass. Seed can be sown early in Spring from March to June or in the Fall as late as the middle of October. Sowing a good quality of Lawn Grass will give you a much better Lawn than you could obtain by sodding, as most sod is full of weeds. SHEEP MANURE is the best to use on a Lawn, as it helps the grass wonderfully to a quick, vigorous start; it is lasting and will cause it to retain a bright green color throughout the season. A lawn should have a dressing of seed and fertilizer both in the Spring and Fall, if you wish to keep it in fine conditio

One quart, sufficient for an area 10 by 15 feet	\$0	25	ı
Four-quart bag, sufficient for 20 by 30 feet	0	85	l
One peck bag, sufficient for 40 by 60 feet	1	50	6
One-half bushel bag, sufficient for space 85 x 85 ft	3	00	
One bushel bag, sufficient for one-fifth of an acre	6	00	
MIXTURE OF GRASSES FOR SHADY PLACES. A			1
mixture of grasses that thrive in shady situations, under trees	;		l

SPECIAL GRASSES.

ANWLESS BROME GRASS (Bromus Inermis)
BENT CREEPING (Agrostis Stoloniera)
BENT RHODE ISLAND (Agrostis Canina)
FESCUE SHEEP (Festuca Ovina)
FESCUE HARD (Festuca Duriuscula)
FESCUE RED (Festuca Rubra)
FESCUE MEADOW (Festuca Pratensis)
FESCUE TALL (Festuca Elatior)
KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS (Poa Pratensis)
ORCHARD GRASS (Dactylis Glomerata)
RED TOP (Agrostis Vulgaris)
RED TOP FANCY recleaned
RYE GRASS, ENGLISH (Lolium Perenne)
RYE GRASS, ITALIAN (Lolium Italicum)
TIMOTHY (Phleum Pratense)
VERNAL SWEET (Anthozanthum Odoratum)
WOOD MEADOW GRASS (Poas Nemoralis)

CLOVER.

ALFALFA (Medicago sativa)	
ALSIKE (Trifolium Hybridum)	
CRIMSON (Trifolium Incarnatum)	
WHITE DUTCH (Trifolium repens)	

or close to walls where there is	s little sun. Per quart 25 cents;	
per peck, \$1.75; per bushel.	\$6	50
GOLF LINK MIXTURE.	Adapted for golf links and out-	
lying greens.		

PUTTING GREEN MIXTURE. A mixtury which will make a close, green, firm, lasting turf

Price on application.

MEDIUM RED (Trifolium Pr	atense)
MAMMOTH RED	
SWEET CLOVER (Melilotus	Alba)

FARM SEEDS.

FARM SEEDS.
MANGEL WURZEL
SUGAR BEET
BUCKWHEAT
MILLET
HUNGARIAN
DWARF ESSEX RAPE
CANADA FIELD PEAS
SPRING VETCH
WINTER VETCH
COW PEAS
SOJA BEANS
SPRING RYE
SPRING WHEAT
SUNFLOWER
SORGHUM
KAFFIR CORN SEED OATS
SEED OATS

Price on application.

Annuals, Biennials and Perennials and Culture Directions.

Annuals are plants which, raised from seed, perfect the flowers, ripen their seed and perish the same season. There are some, such as Verbena, Eschscholtzia, cultivated as annuals, that are only such in a northern climate, being in their own congenial region biennials and perennials. Biennials are those which grow the first season, flower the next, and then die. They may sometimes be induced to flower for two or three successive seasons, by preventing them from going to seed. Perennials are those which live and continue to blossom several years. If planted very early in borders, or brought forward in windows or hot-beds, they will bloom the first season. Many of them are hardy enough to stand the coldest of our Winters, dying down every season, and coming up in the Spring from the old roots.

Annuals are divided in two classes, Hardy and Half-hardy. The Hardy can be sown in April or May in the open ground, or for early flowering started in pots or pans in the house, greenhouse or hot-bed, and planted out as soon as ground is warm. Half-hardy should be started in the house, greenhouse or hot-bed, and planted out in beds or borders in May, or they can be sown in the open ground about the middle of May.

Biennials and Perennials may be sown in the Spring as early as annuals—they need the same treatment, and should be planted out the following Autumn in situations where they are to flower. Can be sown in the Autumn, selecting as cool and damp a bed as possible, keeping the ground shaded and

moist by frequent waterings until plants appear.

Greenhouse seeds should be sown in pots or pans half full of drainage; cover this with rough siftings of mould, and the surface with fine soil, moisten, using a fine rose. Sow seeds evenly over the surface, cover very lightly, keeping from the rays of the sun until the plants show the third leaf, then transplant into seed pans three-fourths of an inch apart, keeping them under a frame until perfectly recovered, giving a little air to strengthen them. As soon as they begin to touch each other transplant into small pots and keep

in a cool, airy part of the greenhouse near the glass, repotting them when necessary.

Great care should be taken in the preparation of the soil for sowing the smaller kinds of seeds; the ground should be made rich with sheep manure, some good fertilizer or thoroughly rotted manure, dug deeply, well raked, made very fine and pliable, so the roots can penetrate and the soil will not bake in the sun after watering. The seed should be sown very thinly, covered very lightly and pressed firmly and carefully into the ground. As a rule small seeds should not be covered over one-eighth of an inch deep, the larger ones, like Morning Glory Balsams, etc., three-fourths of an inch; very fine seeds should be sown on the surface, merely dusting them over with a little earth and gently press down with a smooth board. Keep the ground free from weeds and loosen the ground often, so rain will penetrate. In watering, use water that is not too cold; distribute it in the evening through a rose, so it will not wash the soil over the growing seed or injure the foliage or expanding buds.

Hot-bed for Seedlings. In making a hot-bed the preparation of manure is a matter of importance, and it should be well worked previous to being used, if the bed be expected to retain its usefulness for any length of time. If obtained fresh, and found to be too dry, it should be well watered and thrown lightly together to ferment; this will take place in a few days, and from three to four days afterward it should be completely turned, shaken and mixed; a second turning may be required, although one is usually sufficient. When thus cleaned of rankness the bed can be made. The place should be chosen where it is dry underneath, sheltered from the north as much as possible, and fully exposed to the sun. It should be built up from two feet six inches to four feet high, and wider by six inches every way than the frame to be placed upon it. The manure should be well shaken and mixed, while being put together, and firmly pressed by the feet. The frame should be placed on this and kept closed until the heat rises, and three or four inches of sifted sand or light soil placed on the surface of the bed. In a few days it will be ready for use; but air should be given night and day while there is any danger from the rank steam. If the sand or soil are drawn away from the sides of the bed, they should be replaced. When the hot-bed is used for seed only, nothing further is necessary; the heat of which will soon cause them to germinate; as this will after some time decline, a lining should be added, that is, fresh, hot, fermented, but not rank, manure, applied about a foot in width all around the bed; this will renew its strength.

Cold Frames are formed by placing an ordinary hot-bed frame upon a bed of light, rich soil in some warm, sheltered place in the garden, where it will be protected from cold winds. They should both be

shaded from the sun by mats during the middle of the day and covered at night.

Vegetable Plants, Flower Plants and Roots

Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants, by the dozen, 100, 1,000 or in larger quantities.

Brussel Sprout Plants, by the dozen or 100.

Celery Plants, by the 100, 1,000 or in larger quantities.

Egg Plants, grown in pots, by the dozen or hundred.

Pepper Plants, Large Bell, Ruby King, and Crimson Giant.

Tomato Plants, Earliana, Chalk's Jewel, Livingston's Beauty, Dwarf Stone, Dwarf Champion, Selected Stone, by the dozen, 100, 1,000 and in larger quantities. Sweet Potato Plants, ready in June, by the 100.

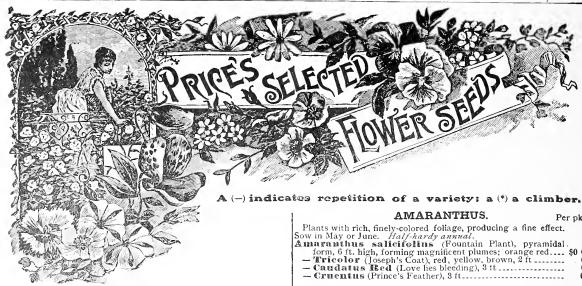
Aster Plants, in separate and mixed colors, by the dozen or 100. Salvia Plants, by the dozen.

Asparagus Roots, see page 3.

Rhubarb Roots, may be planted in the Spring or Fall. Set three feet apart each way.

Horse Radish Sets, by the dozen or 100.

Price of the above on application.



ABRONIA.

A pretty trailing annual, bearing clusters of elegant Verbena-like flowers of great fragrance, remaining in bloom a long time; wery effective in beds, rock-work or hanging baskets. Half-hardy annual.

Perpk \$0 05

ACROCLINIUM.

One of the finest of the everlasting flowers, blooming in August Acroclinium Roseum, light rose, 1 ft - album, pure white, 1 ft

ADONIS.

A showy plant with a brilliant flower resembling poppies; does well in the shade. Hardy perennial.

Adonis vernalis, yellow, 1 it.

—æstivalis, see Floss Adonis.

AGERATUM.

ALVSSUM.

One of the sweetest and most useful of Summer flowers; may be One of the sweetest and most useful of Summer flowers; may be used for edgings, borders, rock work, hanging baskets, etc. Continuous in bloom the entire season, Hardy annual, Alyssum maritimum (Sweet Alyssum) 1½ ft.

— Beathanti compactum (Dwarf) Sweet Alyssum, grows 6 in, high, flowers pure white and very fragrant ——Carpet of Suow, white.

— Saxatile (Golden Alyssum), yellow. Hardy perennial, 1 ft.

ASTER.

A splendid class of annuals, and one of the most effective of our garden favorites. The finest of the tall kinds is the Peony-flowered Perfection and Semples, hranching. All varieties do best in a light, dry soil, and in dry weather should be mulched with rotten manure and well watered. Hardy annual.

Asi	ter. Ch	ina.	fine	mixed	var	ietie	3, 1	1/2	ft.					٠.	 	
_	Dwari	Ger	mai	n. dive	ers (colors	, 8	in						٠.	 	
_	Doubl	e Wl	aite	Dwa	rf.	fine,	la	rge	fic	we	rs,	8	i	n.	 ٠.	
_	Chrys	anth	emu	ım flo	owe	red	. п	nīxe	ed,	1	ft.			٠.	 	
-	Victor	ia. fi	ne m	ixed v	arie	ties									 	
_	Giant	Con	iet.	white									٠.		 	
	6.6	6	6	mixed	١									٠.	 	

- Giant Comet, white
" mixed
- Tauffant's Peony-flowered Perfection, mixed,
very double, large size, round in shape, 1½ to 2 feet
- Peony-flowered Globe, mixed colors, flowers large,
2 ft
- Dwarf Peony-flowered Perfection, mixed colors,
very dwarf, flowers globular, 6 in
- Queen of Market, mixed colors
- Ostrich Plume, in white, rose, dark blue and

AMARANTHUS.	Per pkt.
Plants with rich, finely-colored foliage, producing a fine	effect.
ow in May or June. Half-hardy annual.	
amaranthus salicifolius (Fountain Plant), pyra	
form, 6 ft. high, forming magnificent plumes; orange r	
- Price law (leceph's Cost) and vellow brown 9 ft	OS.

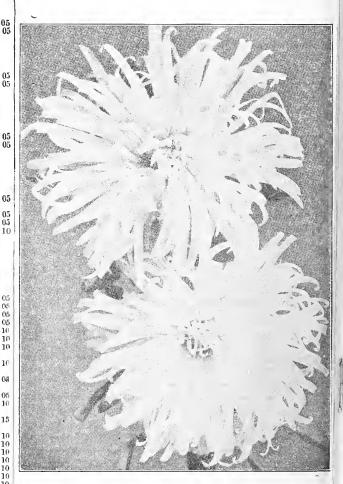
ARGEMONE.

Handsome large-growing plants. Flowers resemble large poppies. Argemone, mixed, 2 ft

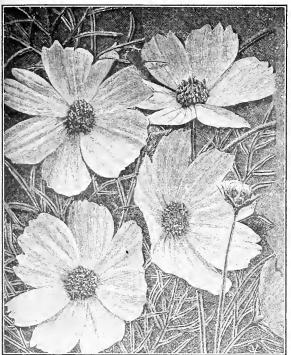
AMMOBIUM.

A small-flowered, useful everlasting; valuable for winter bouuuets, and is a showy border plant.

Ammobium alatum, white, 2 ft. Hardy annual......

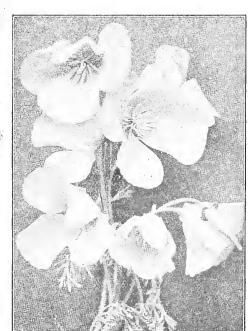


BRANCHING ASTER.



Arctotus Grandls, handsome annual, flowers pure white,	er pkt
AQUILEGIA or COLUMBINE.	φυ το
A well-known, highly ornamental plant, with curiously-formed flowers of strikingly beautiful colors. Sow in May. Aquilegia, choice double mixed, 1½ ft. Hardy perennial Long-spurred, mixed.	10 10
BALSAM (Ladies' Slipper).	
One of the most beautiful of the popular annuals, producing gorgeous masses of brilliant-colored, carnation-like flowers. The most improved varieties are very double, and are styled Camelia-flowered. Sow in May, in as rich soil as possible. Half-hardy annual.	
Balsam Solferlno, white, streaked lilac and scarlet, 2 ft - Victoria, satiny white, spotted with scarlet, 2 ft - Camelia-flowered, mixed colors, very double, 2 ft - improved, improved variety with large flowers, 2 ft - rose-flowered, mixed varieties, very double, 2 ft - spotted, best double varieties, mixed, 2 ft - white double, large flowers, 2 ft - fine mixed Paris, splendid double, 2 ft - double mixed, fine variety, 2 ft	05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05
* BALLOON VINE (Cardiospermun).	
A rapidly growing, handsome climber, remarkable for its in- flated membranous capsules, from which it takes its name; very ornamental. Balloon Vine, white, from India, 4ft. Half-hardy annual.	05
BARTONIA.	
A showy annual with thistle-like leaves. Sow in April or May in any good soil. Hardy annual. Bartonia Aurea (Golden Bartonia), yellow, 1½ ft	05 05
BELLIS (Double Daisy).	
A favorite for border or pot culture. Sow in May and transplant 8 inches apart. Half-hardy perennial. Bellis perennis, mixed, very double, 4 in	10
BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy).	
A pretty plant, covered with a profusion of Cineraria-like flowers. Sow during April and May. Half-hardy annual. Brachycome, mixed, 6 in	05
BROWALLIA.	
A handsome plant, covered with rich, delicate flowers, which continues to bloom during Summer and Autumn. Half hardy annual. Browallia, mixed, 1½ ft	05
	VJ
CACALIA (Tassel Flower). A profuse flowering plant, with tassel-shaped flowers, growing	
A profuse flowering plant, with tassel-shaped flowers, growing in clusters, also called Flora's Paint Brush. Half-hardy annual. Cacalla coccinea, scarlet, 1½ ft. — aurea, orange yellow, 1½ ft.	05 05

CALCEOLARIA. Pr p	kt
Plants of a highly decorative character, remarkable for their arge, finely-shaped and beautifully-spotted flowers. Sow seeds without covering, in pots, prepared with rough siftings of mould below, and filled with soil as fine as possible, merely pressing the seed into it; water with a fine hose, and place under a close frame in a shady place; no artificial heat is required. When plants are strong enough, prick into pots prepared as before. Half-hardy bearennial.	
Calceolarla liybrida, mixed from finest collections, 2 ft \$0 Williams and Carter's Strains	20 73
* CANARY BIRD FLOWER (Tropæolum).	
A climber with handsome foliage and curiously-shaped flowers, easily cultivated, profuse flowering and highly ornamental. Half-hardy annual. ('anary Bird Flower, yellow, 6 to 10 ft	10
	1
CANNA.	
An ornamental leaved plant, very large and handsome foliage Planted in masses imparts a tropical look to the garden, Half- hardy perennial,	
Canna, mixed varieties, 3 ft Proofs, Mixed Hybrids, 3 ft Boots, 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen. See page 38.	0:
CANDYTUFT (Iberis).	
A useful boider annual; fine for pot culture, conservatory, and for bouquets. Sow where plants are to bloom. Thin out to 4 or 5 inches apart. Hardy annual. Candytuft, mlxed, 1 ft 05 — Little Prince, white. — white rocket, 1 ft 05 — crimson, 1 ft — fragrant white, 1 ft 05 — scarlet, 1 ft — giant white, 1 ft 05 — purple, 1 ft — Empress, white, 1 ft 05 — rose, 1 ft — hybrid dwarf, reddish purple and white, 6 inches	0 0 0 0 0
CANTERBURY BELLS (Campanula Medium).	
A well-known plant, with beautiful bell-shaped flowers; fine for borders. Transplant 2 feet apart. Hardy biennial. (Canterbury Bells, double mixed, 2% ft	0 0
CATCHFLY (Silene).	
A free-flowering plant with bright, attractive flowers; adapted for Spring and Summer blooming. Sow in April or May. Hardy	
nnual. Catchfly, red, 15 inches 05 — white, 15 inches — mixed, 15 inches	0
CELOSIA.	
A handsome plant, producing spikes of beautiful feathery flowers, growing freely; succeeds best started in the house or hot-bed. Half-hardy annual.	1
Celosia Japonica (Japanese Coxcomb), scariet, 3 ft. - Huttonii, branches tipped with bright crimson flowers, 2 ft. Cowarf varieties, see Cockscomb Thompsonii, feathered	1
Thompsonti, feathered. Childsil (Chinese woolflower)	1
S	1



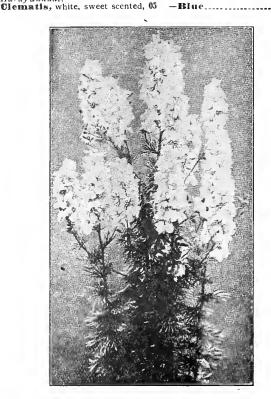
ESCHSCHOLTZIA.

Hardvannual.

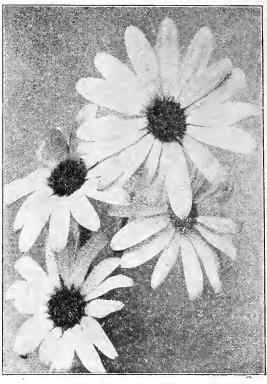
CENTAUREA (Dusty Miller).	r p k r
Valuable silver-leaved ornamental bedding plants, fine for conservatory and parlor; succeed well when potted and kept through the Winter. Green-house perennial.	
Centaurea Candidissima, snowy-white foliage, 1 ft — Clementei, silvery leaves, cut and fringed, 6 in	1
- gymnocarpa, fine cut, with fern-like leaves, 1½ ft. - cyanus mixed (Corn bottle), Bachelor's Button. Hardy annual, 2 ft.	0
- Blue, 2 ft - Odorata Margaritea, pure white	1
CHRYSANTHEMUM.	
One of the most effective and showy of Summer flowering plants. Sow in good light soil during last of April and May, and thin out to I foot apart. <i>Hardy annual</i> .	
Chrysanthemum, mixed colors, 2 ft	0.
— Frutesceus Grandiflorum, the Marguerite or Paris	0:
Daisy, covered with large, white, star-like flowers. Double Aulunal varieties, mixed Northern Star, large white flowers with black center.	10
- Double Chinese, mixed, perennial Double Pompone, small flowering perennial Double Japanese, mixed, perennial.	13
CENTRANTHUS.	
A pretty, free-flowering, compact growing plant, does well in any common soil; "ery effective in beds. Hardy annual Centranthus, mixed red and white, 2ft.	0
	•
CINERARIA.	
A well-known free flowering, favorite plant; blooms throughout the greater portion of the year, having a range and brilliancy of color scarcely surpassed. Requires about the same culture as the Calceolaria. Green-house perennial,	
Cineraria, mixed from finest prize flowers — Williams and Carter's Strain	20 73
CLARKIA.	
A most desirable free growing plant, blossoming profusely; will continue to bloom nearly all Summer. Sow in April and May and thin out. Hardy annual.	
Clarkia Elegans, mixed, 1½ ft	10

* CLEMATIS (Virgin's Bower).

A well-known hardy climber of rapid growth, free flowering and very ornamental for covering fences, arbors, verandas, etc.



DELPHINIUM.



DIMORPHOTHECA AURANTIACA.

* CLIANTHUS.	Per pk
Clianthus Dampieri, rich scarlet, long petaled flower marked with a large black blotch; sow in May. Half har perennial, 3 ft	rs. dy \$0 1
* COBÆA.	
A beautiful climber, having large, bell-shaped flowers, with e	le-

A beautiful climber, naving large, bell-shaped flowers, with elegant leaves and tendrils, growing very rapidly; sometimes to the height of 20 or 30 feet. Seeds should be planted edgewise, and started in pots in the house or hot-bed, in March or April; sow in the open ground, when the earth is warm. Half-hardy perennial Cobæa Scandens, purple lilac, 20 ft., 10; —alba, white, 20 ft.

COLEUS.

A showy foliage plant. The new hybrid colors produce a fine effect, either in groups or single. Half-hardy ferennial, Coleus, Hybrid Mixtures, seeds from finest specimens......

CONVOLVULUS MINOR (Dwarf).

A beautiful, showy plant, with handsome, rich-colored flowers, producing a brilliant effect. Sow middle of May. Hardy annual. Convolvulus mixed, 1½ ft...

COCKSCOMB (Celosia).

COREOPSIS or CALLEOPSIS.

Of all the annuals this genius is one of the most striking; the colors are rich, flowers numerous and beautiful, producing fine effects in mixed borders. Sow from April to June in a good light soil. Hardy annual.

Coreopsis Drummondii, mixed, 1 to 2 ft.

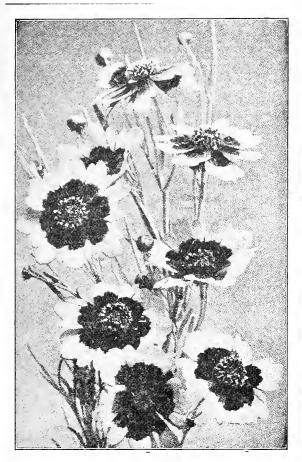
— bicolor, mixed, 1½ to 2 ft.

— grandiflora, mixed, 1½ to 2 ft.

COSMOS.

Price's Fine Mixed Lawn Grass. See Page 20

05



* CYPRESS	VINE	(Inomma	Onamoclit).

DAHLIA.

DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur).

Remarkable for great beauty and variety of shades, producing splendid spikes of flowers, and if sown early will flower the first year. Hardy perennial.

Delplinium Formosum, blue and white, 2 ft. 10

— Imperial, mixed (Emperor Larkspur), a profuse bloomer, close, erect spikes, covered with flowers, 18 in. 10

Delplinium Newport Pink, a rose colored very beautiful free flowering sort, (annual), 2 ft. 10

- Emperor, Branching, mixed. Annual DIANTHUS (Pink).

DIDISCUS (Trachymene).

Didiscus cæruleus, a very pretty little blue border plant.

Half-hardy annual, 1 ft.

Dimorphotheca aurantiaca (African Orange Daisy).

Pretty hardy annual, growing 1 to 1½ ft. high. Sow in May....

DIGITALIS (Foxglove).

EUPHORBIA.

Euphorbia variegata, white, foliage nicely veined and margined with white, 2 ft. Half-hardy annual.

EVERLASTING PEAS (Lathyrus).

A rapidly-growing ornamental climber, growing in any common soil, 5 to 7 ft. Hardy perennial.

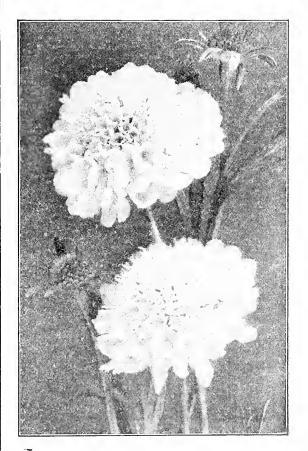
Everlasting Peas (lathyrus latifolius), mixed

FLOS ADONIS.

A pretty plant, growing well in any good soil. Hardy annual. Flos Adonis (Adonis Æstivalis), dark crimson, pretty, 2 ft....

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis).

A popular little plant, with beautiful star-like flowers; blooms early; valuable for Spring gardening. Half-hardy perennial. Forget-me-not, Blue, 6 ln......

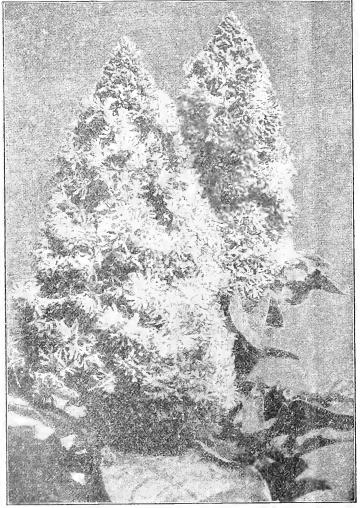


GODETIA.	Pr pkt
A very desirable, free flowering plant, attractive in beds, border and ribbons; grows freely in any garden soil. Godetia, finest mixed	_
HELICHRYSUM (Everlasting Flower).	
Exceedingly handsome for Winter bouquets. Should be cubefore the bloom fully expands, and carefully dried by hangin in a dark closet. Hardy annual. Helichtyshum monstrosum, crimson, 1½ ft. —— rose, 1½ ft. —— white, 1½ ft. —— yellow, 1½ ft. —— mixed, 1½ ft.	g 05 - 05 - 05 - 05
HELIANTHUS.	
Hellanthus Cueumerifolius, miniature sunflower, covered with hundreds of small (single) bright orange flowers	05
HELIOTROPE.	
A delicious fragrant plant, fine for pot culture or bedding pur poses; flourishes in any good soil. Half hardy perennial.	r- 05

HIBISCUS.

A very beautiful and showy plant; much prized for the beautiful colors of its flowers. Hardy annual. **Hibiscus Africanus,** cream color, rich brown center. 1½ ft. 05

HOLLYHOCK.	Pr pkt
This splendid, stately plant should have a place in every flowe garden; will bloom the first year if sown early Hardy perennia Hollyhoek, double, mixed Chater's Superb Strain)—single, mixed. 4 ft.—Allegheny Fringed, large flowers with fringed petal mixed colors. Hybrid Annual flowering, mixed, double and single.	/. 10 10 s,
HONESTY or SATIN FLOWER (Lunaria).	
A showy, early, free flowering Summer plant. The flowers at succeeded by singular, semi transparent seed vessels. Hardy b	re i-
ennial. Honesty (Lunaria biennis), purple 2 ft	05
*HONEYSUCKLE, FRENCH (Hedysarum)).
A free flowering plant of easy culture. Hardy perennial, French Honeysuckle, red, 3 ft. 05 —— white, 2 ft.	05
* HYACINTH BEAN (Dolichos)	
A beautiful class of quick growing, ornamental climbers from the East Indies. Tender annual.	m
Dolichos Lablab, purple (Hyacinth Bean), 10 ft	05
ICE PLANT.	
A pretty little trailer, the leaves are covered with frost or crystaline glohules, giving it the appearance of being covered wit ice; effective for rock work and hanging baskets. Half hard	h
annual. Ice Plant (Mesembryanthemum crystallinum) trailer, 6 in	05



GAILLARDIA

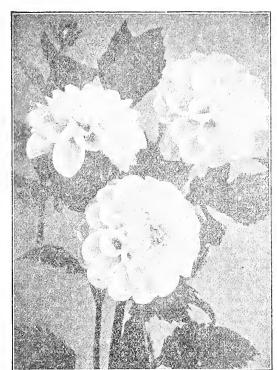
Very showy plants, with flowers, remarkable for their protusion, size and brilliancy of color blooming throughout the Summer and Autumn. Thrive in any rich soil. Half hardy annual. P Gaillardia picta, crimson and yellow, perennial, 1½ it. Lorenziana, Double	r pkt. \$0 05 05 05
GERANIUM (Pelargonium).	
These favorites are too well known to need description, they are for in door as well as out of door decoration. Half hardy perennial. Geranium hybrid, mixed, finest hybrid varieties. — hybrid mixed, golden and bronzed leaves. — apple scented, pink, 1 ft.	10 15 15
GILIA.	
A very pretty dwarf annual, will bloom in almost any situation; grows we'll in pots. Hardy annual. Glia mixed, various colors	05
GLOBE AMARANTHUS (Gomphre	na).
Everlasting, with pretty, showy flowers, which may be cut when full grown in Summer and preserved for Winter bouquets, after cutting tie in bunches and hang in a dark closet They bloom from June till October. Half hardy annual. Globe Amaranthus, orange, 2 ft. — purple (Bachelor's Button), 2 ft. — white, 2 ft.	05 05 05
GLOXINIA.	
A superh genus of green house plants, producing flowers in the greatest profusion, remarkable for their beauty of color. Stove perennial	
Gloxinia, finest mixed, from splendid collec-	20
*GOURDS ORNAMENTAL (Cucuri	oita).
Very ornamental climber, with fruit of the most singular description, both as to shape and marking; of rapid growth and luxuriant foliage; very desirable for trellis work, etc. Tender annual. Gonrd orange, (Mock orange). Hurcules club. Dipper, Nest egg. bottle Dish Rag or Bounet. mixed variety.	05 05 05 05 05 05
- minou variou	-

Gypsophila Panieulata, Flowers white fine for boquets, 2 ft.....

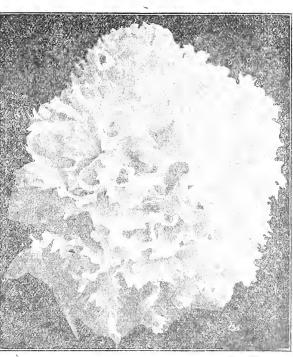
IMPATIENS (Sultans or Zanzibar Balsam). Charming plants for house or table decoration. Pr IMPATIENS SULTANI, flowers brilliant, rosy-scarlet\$	pkt
MPATIENS SULTANI, nowers brilliant, rosy-scarlet \$ [POMEA NOCTIFLORA. (See Moon Flower.)) IC
* JAPANESE HOP.	
Humulus Japonicus Variegatus, leaves light and dark	
green, splashed with white, ornamental and quick growing climber	10
JACOB'S LADDER (Polemonium).	
A hardy perennial, growing readily in ordinary good soil; fine or mixed borders; easy of culture.	
acob's Ladder, mixed, blue and white	30
JACOBÆA (Senecio). Free-growing plants of the easiest culture, producing gay-col-	
Jacobaea crimson, 1 ft. 05 — rose, 1 ft	
- Purple, 1 ft 05 - white, 1 ft	OE :
KOCHIA TRICHOPHILA.	
Cochia Trichophila (Summer Cypress), an ornamental	
annual growing 2 ft. high. The light green foliage changing to a fiery red towards autumn	1
LANTANA	
Free-flowering plants with brilliantly colored flowers, con-	
antly changing in hue; effective for pot culture or bedding antana, mixed varieties, 2 ft. Half-hardy perennial	()/
LARKSPUR (Delphinium).	
An ornamental plant of great beauty, variety of colors and coursion of flowers. Hardy annual.	
arkspur Double-dwarf rocket, fine mixed, 1 ft - Hyacinth flowered, fine mixed, 1 ft	0(
	0f
LAVATERA. Tall, showy, profuse-blooming handsome plants, growing freely	
Tall, showy, profuse-blooming handsome plants, growing freely light soil, and very effective when used as a background avatera, mixed, 3 ft. Hardy annual	04
LINUM (Flowering Flax). These are conspicuous for their brilliancy of color.	
inum Flavum, yellow, 1 ft. Hardy perennial	0€
annual	05
* LOASA (Caiophora).	
A handsome, rapid-growing, free-flowering climber, with curis-looking beautiful flowers.	
oasa, mixed, yellow and scarlet. Hardy annual	0£
LOVE-IN-A-MIST, NIGELLA.	
Davil-in-the Push or Lady-in-the Cross	
A very interesting, compact-growing, free flowering plant, ith curious flowers and seed-pods. From the appearance of the	
A very interesting, compact-growing, free flowering plant, ith curious flowers and seed-pods. From the appearance of the amens it has received its singular name. Hardy annual. ove-in-a-Mist, mixed, 1 ft.	05
liss Jekyll, beautiful sky blue	05
LOBELIA.	
Mostly dwarf-growing; a beautiful class of plants with deli-	
te drooping habit. The profusion of their flowers renders them namental for vases and hanging baskets, borders or ribbons.	
obelia Crystal Palace, blue trailer	10
— Cardinalis, red	10
- alba, white, 6 in	10 10
LYCHNIS (Ragged Robin).	
A highly ornamental and handsome genus of plants, easy of	
Iture; effective in shrubbery and borders. Hardy perennial. ychnis alba, white, 2 ft	05
Chalcedonica, scarlet, 2 ft	05
MADIA (Madaria).	
The flowers golden, with a brownish rim round the disc.	05
	w
MALOPE. Plants branching, producing large flowers in profusion.	05
Plants branching, producing large flowers in profusion.	
Plants branching, producing large flowers in profusion. Lalope grandiflora, dark crimson, 2 ft. Hardy annual MARVEL OF PERU (Four o'clock), (Mirabilis)).
Plants branching, producing large flowers in profusion. (alope grandiflora, dark crimson, 2 ft. Hardy annual MARVEL OF PERU (Four o'clock), (Mirabilis)).
Plants branching, producing large flowers in profusion. [alope grandiflora, dark crimson, 2 ft. Hardy annual MARVEL OF PERU (Four o'clock), (Mirabilis) A beautiful plant, with flowers of much beauty and a variety colors and handsome foliage; makes a fine Summer bedge, the profusion has preserved like Publics, through the William.).
Plants branching, producing large flowers in profusion. [alope grandiflora, dark crimson, 2 ft. Hardy annual MARVEL OF PERU (Four o'clock), (Mirabilis) A beautiful plant, with flowers of much beauty and a variety colors and handsome foliage; makes a fine Summer bedge, the profusion has preserved like Publics, through the William.). 16
Plants branching, producing large flowers in profusion. [alope grandiflora, dark crimson, 2 ft. Hardy annual MARVEL OF PERU (Four o'clock), (Mirabilis) A beautiful plant, with flowers of much beauty and a variety colors and handsome foliage; makes a fine Summer bedge.	
Plants branching, producing large flowers in profusion. (alope grandiflora, dark crimson, 2 ft. Hardy annual MARVEL OF PERU (Four o'clock), (Mirabilis) A beautiful plant, with flowers of much beauty and a variety colors and handsome foliage; makes a fine Summer hedge in roots can be preserved, like Dahlias, through the Winter-alth-hardy perennial. (Four o'clock), mixed colors, 2 ft	16
Plants branching, producing large flowers in profusion. (alope grandiflora, dark crimson, 2 ft. Hardy annual MARVEL OF PERU (Four o'clock), (Mirabilis) A beautiful plant, with flowers of much beauty and a variety colors and handsome foliage; makes a fine Summer hedge, the roots can be preserved, like Dahlias, through the Winter arvel of Peru (Four o'clock), mixed colors, 2 ft	16

DOUBLE MARIGOLD (Tagetes).

pkt 05 05 05 06 05 05



DAHLIA.



DOUBLE FRINGED PETUNIA.



PHLOX DRUMMONDII GRANDIFLORA.

* MAURANDYA. A Summer climber, adapted to the conservatory and greenhouse,

perennial. Parandas, etc. Blooms the first season. Half hardy	r pkt
Maurandya Barelayana, rich violet, 10 ft	\$0 05
- alba, white, 10 ft	05
- rosea, rosy pink, 10 ft	05
- mixed, fine varieties	05
* MORNING GLORY (Convolvulus Major).	
A well-known and beautiful climber. Hardy annual.	
Morning Glory (Convolvulus Major), mixed, 20 to 30 ft	05
searlet or star (Ipomea Coccinea), 10 ft	05
- New Double, mixed, 15 to 20 ft	05
- Imperial Japanese, mixed, large fringed flower 20 ft	10
MIGNONETTE (Reseda).	
A well-known fragrant plant. Should be sown about shrubbery	

A well-known fragrant plant. Should be sown about strubbery and mixed borders, where it grows rapidly; it is more fragrant when grown on poor soil; if thinned out as soon as the plants are large enough, they will grow stronger and produce larger spikes of bloom. Hardy annual. Mignonette Sweet (R. Odorata), white buff, 6 in..... - Large flowering (R. Grandiflora), buff, 6 in - Parson's white, flowers almost white, very fragrant, 6 in 05 - Miles' spiral, habit dwarf and branching, 8 in..... 05 - Machet, dwarf French variety, 6 in.... Victoria grandiflora, dark red, 6 in..... 05 05 Defiance, large and fragrant..... 05 Golden Queen, golden yellow

New Giant, immense spikes.....

MIMULUS.

A profuse-flowering plant, with brilliantly-colored flowers, beautifully marked. Makes fine bedding plants for Summer. If sown in Autumn, produces early-flowering greenhouse plants. Half-hardy perennial.

Minulus cardinalis (monkey flower), cordet 1 ft. - moschatus (musk plant), yellow, 9 in.

* MOMORDICA (Balsam Apple).

A curious trailling plant The fruit has a waxy appearance and opens when ripe, disclosing its seeds and brilliant red interior; has a fine appearance when planted on stumps, rock work, etc. Half-hardy annual.

Momorodica balsamina (Balsam Acola) 10 ft. charantia (Balsam Pear), 10 ft.....

* MOON FLOWER (Ipomea Noctiflora)

Flowers 4 to 5 inches in diameter, of pure white color; blossoms from August to November during the evening and dull days. It has a rich Jessamine-like odor at night; is a

, NIEREMBERGIA (Cup Flower).

A half hardy perennial, flowering the first of the year if sown early. A continuous Nierembergia, mixed, one foot

NEMOPHILA (Love Grove).

A hardy annual, of neat, compact habit, blooming freely all summer. Plant in cool, shady place. Nemophila, mixed, 6 to 9 in

NEMESIA.

A favorite class of annuals; fine for bedding and pot culture. Grow in round bush form and bear brilliant flowers all Summer.

Nemesia Strumosa Suttonii, blue, violet, white, 6 in....

NICOTIANA.

Showy and profuse flowering annuals, giving a continuous display of flowers through the Summer; they commence to flower a few weeks after sowing. The plants are of bushy habit, about 2 feet high, carrying the flowers in clusters, thousands being borne on a single plant during the Summer. Summer.

Nicotiana Affinis, white
— Sanderae, crimson
— mixed hybrids.

05

35

20

35

NASTURTIUM DWARF (Tropaeolum nanum). Plants of beauty, compact growth and rich colored flowers.

Half hardy annual. Nasturtium, dwarf, fine sorts, mixed, 1 ft..... 05 - Carter's scarlet, 1 ft..... 05 -- cœruleum roseum, rose tinted maroon, 1 ft...... 05

-- spotted, yellow and crimson, 1 ft..... 05 - Beanty, striped, yellow and red..... 05 —— yellow...... - King Theodore, flowers almost black, 1 ft..... 05

- Pearl, white, 1 ft., 05; -- black, - tall or running varieties, mixed 5 ft..... Collections, see page 37.

PETUNIA.

A very profuse flowering plant, of easy culture, with brilliant and various colors. Flowers the whole Summer. The double flowers are produced by fertilizing single flowers with pollen of the double, and even when done with the greatest care is not likely to be successful. Seed producing forty per cent of the double flowering plants of good quality is considered first class. Half-hardy perennial.

Petnnia, hybrid, mixed, 1 ft..... — hybrid blotched and striped..... 15 grandiflora fimbriata, finest single fringe, 1 ft...... 15 Rnffled Giant, fluted and fringed..... 20 25

Century Prize, giant flowers, fringed and ruffled splendid double large flowering (Hybrid, Grandiflora, fl. pl.), extra fine, double variety, all colors mixed, 1 ft. double mixed, fine variety, 1 ft.....

grandiflora fimbriata, fl. pl. Various colors, very double and deeply fringed, 1 ft......

10

10

20

10

10 10 10

10

05

10



PANSY.

PANSY (Heartsease), Viola Tricolor.

A well-known favorite, producing a profusion of brilliant flowers. Picking off the buds as soon as they appear during the Summer will cause the plants to grow bushy and compact; they will bloom profusely during the late Autumn and early Spring months. Prefers a moist, shady situation; cover during the Winter months. Sown early in May will bloom all Summer. Seed sown in August or September, kept in a cold frame through the Winter, and planted out in the Spring, will blossom the whole season. Hardy perennial, 6 in.

Perparsy, fine mixed. Per pkt ... \$0 05 Pansy, fine mixed..... fine mixed English hybrid.....etra large stained Parisian Giant mixed, saved from large and beautiful strain of prize flowers.... Price's Superb Mixture, large flowers with fine colors and markings, mixture of 30 of the best varieties Extra Large Flowering Hybrid, mixed; these embrace almost all shades of color, with large and beautiful markings

ful markings	25
- Cassiers, Bugnot and Odier Strains, mixed.	20
Eckford Prize Strain, large and fine markings	10
Cassiers, large flowered, blotched, rich, showy.	20
-Bugnot, superb blotched, very large flowers	20
Lord Beaconsfield, violet and lavender	10
- Non Plus Ultra, a fine large blotched strain	10
- Peacock, large flowered, state blue, with white edge	10
- Giant, flowers of immense size	10

Giant, flowers of immense size..... -Trimardeau, large and fine..... - Masterpiece, curled edge...
- Emperor William, lbue....
- Odler or five blotched, 10; white..... - Golden Queen, yellow, 10; yellow, golden..... - Sn w Queen, white.....

PENSTEMON.

Perilla Nankienensis. Ornamental leaved plant......

Ornamental hardy plants, remarkable for the beauty of their long, graceful spikes of fine-shaped and richly-colored flowers; will bloom the first season. Half-hardy perennial, 2 ft. Penstemon, Cobaea, white and purple..... Per pkt - mixed, colors 05

PORTULACA.

05 rosea, rose color, 05; double mixed..... 05 new double mixed, grandiflora, choicest mixed, flowers from 1 to 2 in. in diameter, resembling roses in appearance; the most brilliant shades and colors......

PINKS AND CARNATIONS (Dianthus).	
A well-known plant of great beauty and fragrance, easy of	
culture; flowering profusely. Per p	kt
Pink China (D. Chinensis), (annual), finest mixed, 1 ft \$0	05
	10
-Margaret carnation, mixed (annual), blooming in 3	
or 4 months from sowing seed. Have very large and	_
sweet-scented flowers of rich colors, ¾ are double, 18 in	10
- Margaret, yellow	10
-dark red (D. Cruentus), bloody red, 1 ft	05
-double garden (D. Moschatus), (annual), mixed	05
-Imperial. (Annual)	05
-Pheasant's eye (D. Plumerious) red, fragrant, 6 in	05
- double plumarius (May Pinks), very fragrant	10
- Chauband's perpetual carnations, mixed colors,	
large fine formed flowers	20
- Semperstorens (Perpetual Pinks), double and single,	_
of various colors	10
- picotee (D. Caryophyllus), fine mixed	10
- picotee (D. Caryophyllus), choicest mixed	20
PHLOX DRUMMONDII.	
These flowers are of extreme beauty, are unrivalled for richness	
of color, profusion and length of duration in bloom.	
	05
grandinoid, comments, and comments, and comments	05
bear or quoding ourg,	05
	05
	05
	05
	05
—— Rosea. pink	05
	05
- nana compacta mixed, dwarf growing, various	
colors, 5 in	10
- decussata (Perennial Phlox), mixed varieties, 3 ft	10
Polyanthus, mixed (Primula Elatior), 9 in. Hardy Perennial	10



MARGARET CARNATION.

Peas, Flowering (Sweet Peas).

A deep, rich, moist soil is best suited for Sweet Peas. In planting, a trench should be dug 11/2 feet deep and filled in to about 10 inches from the top with a good loam. mixed with ground bone, sheep manure, or well-rotted stable manure. Even soil in trench and sow the Peas carefully and plentifully, covering about two inches deep, and by degrees, as the vines come up, keep filling in the soil gradually, a little at a time, until even with the surface; thin out vines to about two inches apart. For early flowers, they should be sown as early in the Spring as the ground can be prepared. Change location in planting each year if possible. Will bloom the whole season if the pods are picked off as they begin to form.

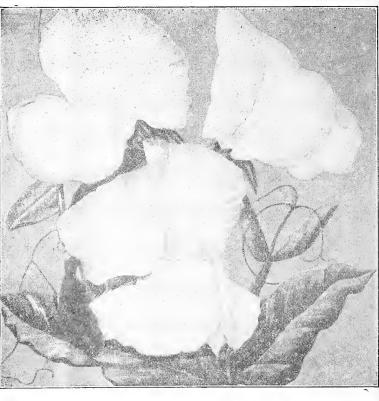
Price's Superb Mixed Sweet Peas.

This mixture is composed of 65 sorts, including the Spencer, Unwin, and Large Flowered Sorts, and the following Varieties listed below. It cannot be excelled.

Price per packet, 5 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per quarter-pound, 40 cents; per pound, \$1.50.

00.00
America, crimson, scarlet striped \$0 05
Aurora, white, flaked with orange 05
Black Knight, deep maroon 05
Blanche Ferry, pink and white 05
Bolton Pink, large orange pink 05
Carmine Invincible, bright red 05
Chancellor, dark and light orange 05
Coccinea, pure cerise
Coccinea, pure cense
Coquette, deep primrose, yellow and fawn shaded
Countess of Cadogan, violet and light blue
Dainty, white, pink edge
Dorthy Eckford, finest pure white
Duke of Sutherland, claret and blue
Darks of Westmington number
Duke of Westminster, purple
Earliest Sunbeam, rich primrose
Emily Eckford, rosy mauve and blue
Flora Norton, lavender
Golden Gleam, deep primrose, the best yellow
Gorgeous, rich orange salmon
Gracie Greenwood, pink flushed primrose
Gracie Greenwood, pink hushed pinkose
Gray Friar, purple on white ground
Helen Pierce, blue, mottled white
Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon, large primrose
Janet Scott, bright pink and buff
Jeannie Gordon, rose and primrose
Watherine Tracy brilliant pink
King Edward VII, best bright crimson
To der Coign Tomilton light layender
Lady Grisel Hamilton, light lavender
Lady Mary Currie, deep orange pink, shaded lilac
Lady Nina Balfour, lavender, shaded gray
Lord Nelson, brilliant navy blue
Lord Kenyon, magenta rose
Mars, fiery crimson
Maid of Honor, white, shaded light blue, violet edge
Miss Wilmot, large orange pink
Mont Blanc, extra early white
Mrs. Gladstone, pink and rose
Mrs. Gradistone, pink and rose
Mrs. G. Higginson, Jr., azure blue
Mrs. Jos. Chamberlain, white striped rose
Mrs. Kenyon, primrose, large
Navy Blue, deep beautiful blue, best blue
New Countess, pure light lavender
Painted Lady, pink and white
Phyllis Unwin, magenta rose
Prinrose, pale yellow
Printrose, pate yellow
Prima Donna, large soft pink. Princess May, light lavender
Princess May, light layender
Queen Alexander, scarlet-red
Royal Rose, deep rose
Romolo Piazzanne, large, light purple
Salopian, deep crimson, scarlet
Sensation, white suffused with pink
Stella Morse, deep cream, pink edge
Sue Earle, primrose and mauve
Triumph, rose and crimson pink
White Worlder, pure white, double stemmed Eckford's Hybrid Mixed. Pkt., 05; oz., 10; ¼-lb., 20;
Eckford's Hybrid Mixed. Pkt., 05; oz., 10; 1/4-lb., 20;
Sweet Peas in Separate Colone 20 cents per oz

Sweet Peas in Separate Colors, 20 cents per oz.



SPENCER VARIETIES.

DI BIGER VIIICES LED.	
Spencer Choice Hybrid Mixed. Pkt., 10; oz., 25: 14-lb., 75; lb., \$2.25.	okt.
Asta Olm, soft lavender, 10; Doris Burt, intense red \$0	10
Countess Spencer, clear pink	10
Capt. of Blues, Spencer, blue and purple	10
Doris Burt, intense red	10
Florence Nightingale, bluish lavender	10
Florence Nightingare, musa lavender	10
Flora Norton, blue	10
Frank Dolby, lavender	
John Ingman (George Herbert), rose carmine	10
King Edward, Spencer, bright crimson	10
White Spencer	10
POPPY.	
A plant with very large and brilliant-colored flowers, producing	
rich and effective display. Hardy annual. Per	pkt
Poppy, double, mixed, divers colors, 1½ ft \$0	05
- carnation, double, mixed, 2 ft	05
- Daneborg, brilliant scarlet blotched with silvery write,	
2 ft	
-rannunculus, or French, double mixed, 3 ft	05
- peony-flowered, double, divers colors, 1 ft	05
- Bracteatium, large orange scarlet flowers	05
- scarlet, double, 1½ ft., 05; - white fringed, 1½ ft.	05
- Tulip, scarlet, 05; - Alphine mixed	05
- Admiral, white, with scarlet band	05
- nudicable auranticum, orange, with crmped petals.	10
- Umbrosum, red and black	05
	05
Shirley, fine used	05
	10
- Ieeland, finest mixed	
- Orientale, crimson and black	10
- Percnnial, mixed	05
PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA.	
A profuse, flowering, charming green-house plant, finely adapted	
for decorative purposes. Green-house perennial. 6 in.	
Primula Sinensis Fimbriata (Fringed Chinese	
Primrose), mixed	15
rubra, red, 15; alba, white	15
double, mixed	20
The double, mixed	00

alba, double, white.....

-- rubra, double, red.....

filicifolia mixed, fern-leaved

filicifolia alba, white, fern-leaved.....

- filicifolia rubra, red, fern-leaved.....

PRIMROSE EVENING (Enothera).

Primrose, yellow, or white evening.....

PYRETHRUM (Golden Feather).		SWEET SULTAN.	
Handsome plants, excellent for bedding. Golden foliage. Pyrethrum parthenifolium aureum, golden Roseum Hybridum. Red, pink and white; daisy shaped	05	A sweet-scented plant, producing a very showy and striking effect; grows freely in rich soil. 18 in. Hardy annual. Sweet Sultan, mixed, white and yellow	0
flower, with yellow centers	05	Americana, lilac, purple	1
RHODANTHE.		SUNFLOWER (Helianthus).	
One of the handsomest of everlasting flowers, a profuse bloomer. Rhodanthe, mixed colors. Half-hardy annual	10	Sunflower, dwarf, 3 ft., 05; tall (Russian), 6 ft	(
RICINUS (Castor Bean).		SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus Barbatus). A beautiful, free-flowering, well-known class of plants, of richness and diversity of color, producing splendid effects in	
Very effective, from its stately growth, beautiful foliage and brilliant-colored fruit. Half-hardy annual.	05	beds, borders and shrubbery. Hardy perennial. Sweet William, 1 ft	(
Ricinus Communis (Castor Oil Plant), 6 ft	05 05 05	Hunt's Perfection (auricula-flowered)	(
- Tricolor, three-colored, 7 ft	05 05 05	* THUNBERGIA. Ornamental climber, of rapid growth. Half-hardy annual.	
Zanzibariensis. Green, copper and bronze	05	Thunbergia, mixed, all colors, 4 ft	(
ROSE CAMPION (Lychnis).		VIOLA (Sweet Violets).	
Very handsome and showy. Hardy perennial. Rose Campion, rose, 18 in	05	A favorite, which lasts from early Spring throughout the Summer months. Hardy perennial. Viola odorata (Sweet Violet), 6 in	1
ROCKET (Hesperis).			
A m\$\sigma\$ pleasing Spring flower. Hardy perennial. Rocket Sweet mixed, 18 in	05	VISCARIA (Rose of Heaven). Viscaria Cardinalis, magenta, 1 ft. Hardy annual - oculata, pink, with crimson eye, 1 ft	0
SALPIGLOSSIS.		VIDDDDN 4	
Highly ornamental plants, with funnel-shaped flowers, curiously veined and marbled. Half-hardy annual.		VERBENA. A well-known and much-admired bedding plant of easy culture.	
Salpiglossis, hybrid, mixed, 1% ft	05	Plants grown from seed are more healthy and make larger and hardier plants than those from cuttings; if sown in Spring will flower quite early. Half-hardy perennial.	
SALVIA. A beautiful bedding plant, loaded with splendid spikes of bril-		Verbena, Finest Hybrid Superfine, mixed, from	
liant flowers; blossoming from July to October.	0.5	select flowers — Defiance, scarlet, 05; blue	0
Salvia coccinea, scarlet, annual, 2 ft - patens, dark blue flowers, perennial, 8 ft	05 10	- Mammoth Mixed	0
- splendens, dazzling scarlet, perennial, 3 ft Dwarf Bonfire, scarlet	10 10	- Hybrid Candidissima, large trusses, pure white Dwarf mixed, extra, 05; Lemon, sweet scented	0
SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride, or Sweet Scabious Fine border plants, producing flowers in great variety of color.	s).	VINCA.	
Half-hardy perennial.		A genus of beautiful green-bouse plants; seed sown out of doors in a warm, sheltered situation will bloom the mame	
Scabiosa atropurpurea major, finest, mixed, 2 ft — white, pure white, 1 ft., 05; dwarf striped	0 5 05	vinca Alba, white, 2 ft., 05; Rosea, rose colored, 2 ft	0
SCHIZANTHUS. Plants of splendid growth. Half-hardy perennial.		WALL-FLOWER (Cheiranthus Cheiri) Very fragrant. Useful for beds, making groups and forming	
Schizanthus, mixed, all colors, 20 in	05	ribbons. The large spikes of the double variety produce a fine effect in beds and lawns. Half-hardy perennial. Wall-flower, single, 2½ ft., 05; double, 2½ ft	
SENSITIVE PLANT (Mimosa Pudica). A very interesting and curious plant, whose leaves close if touched. Succeeds in a warm situation. Half-hardy annual.		Early Paris (annual), single varieties	1
Sensitive Plant (Mimosa Pubica), pinkish white, 2 ft	05	WHITLAVIA.	
SNAP-DRAGON (Antirrhinum). Finely-shaped flowers of the most brilliant colors, with beautifully marked throats; they succeed in any garden soil. Half-		A free-flowering annual, with beautiful bell-shaped flowers; grows freely in any soil. Hardy annual. Whitlavia grandiflora, violet blue, 1 ft	0
hardy annual. Snap-Dragon, Dwarf, fine mixed, from 1 to 2 ft -Tall. Large flowering	05	XERANTHEMUM. A beautiful, showy class of everlastings, much used for Winter	
SMILAX.	05	bouquets; if gathered and dried when first open will retain their color and form for years. Hardy annual.	•
White, 6 ft. Green-house perennial	10	Xeranthemum, double mixed, 2 ft	U
STOCKS (Mathiola). The stock (Gilly flower) is one of the most popular garden plants. For brilliancy and diversity of color, fine foliage, compact babit, profusion and duration of bloom it is unsurpassed; adapted for bedding or pot culture. Half-hardy annual. Stocks, ten weeks, Giant, large double flowers	05	ZINNIA ELEGANS (Youth and Old Age). All Double. Annuals of great beauty and brilliancy, branching babits and superb colors; the double flower much resembles a Dahlia; the same flowers will remain in a state of perfection from six weeks to two months. Half-hardy annual.	
- ten weeks, dwarf, large flowering, mixed - ten weeks, mixed, 05; - ten weeks white	05 05	Zinnia Elegans, Grandiflora, double mixed, 1½ ft. alba, white, 05; aurea, golden	0
- ten weeks blue, 05; - ten weeks rose	05	purpurea, dark purple	8
 ten weeks crimson wall-flowered leaved, mixed, 05; — white Intermediate or Autumn, mixed 	06 06 05	Coccinea, dark scarlet New Giant mixed Double Dwarf, 05; Zebra, striped	6

PRICE OF FLOWER SEEDS BY WEIGHT.

Sent by Mail Post-Paid at Prices named, not Sold in Quantities less than 1-4 Ounce.

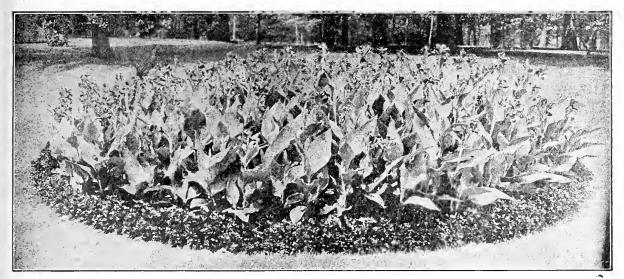
Delit by Will I ost-I aid at 1 11000 main	-		_
	Per or		Per oz \$0.25
Acroclinium	. 50	75 07 1 2	50
Ageratum Mexicanum	1 00		75
Alyssum, Sweet	. 40	The second Park Title	1 00
Alyssum, Dwarf	. 80	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	50
Amaranthus	. 30		2 00
Asters, China			
Asters, Truffant's Peouy Flowered, Mixed		Did G	25
Asters, Giant Crego, Mixed		***	25
Asters, Semple's Branching, Mixed			25
Asters, Queen of the Market			2 50
Asters, Ostrich Plume, Mixed			3 00
Bellis Perennis			75
Balsam, Camellia Flowered		Scabiosa, Dwarf Double, Mixed	60
Balsam, Double Mixed		Smilax · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 00
Balsam, Double White		= -	
Balloon Vine			1 25
Cacalia	. 1 00		2 50
Calendula, Mixed	. 25		
Canary Bird Flower	. 40		10
Candytnft, White Fragrant	. 30	Sunflower, Dwarf	80
Candytuft, White Rocket	. 30		15
Candytuft, Empress, White (Giant)	. 50		25
Candytuft, Mixed	. 30	Sweet Peas, Painted Lady	15
Clarkia, Mixed	. 75	Sweet Peas, Separate Colors	20
Cobea Scandens, Purple	. 75	Sweet William, Single, Mixed	75
Castor Beans, Mixed	30		
Centurea Cyanus, Mixed		Thunbergia, Mixed	
Centurea Emperor William		Verbena Hybrid, Mixed	75
Cosmos, Mixed		Verbena Mammoth, Mixed	
Cosmos, Lady Lenox (Pink)		TT T	
Cockscomb, Mixed		Wall Flower, Single, Mixed	80
Coreopsis, Mixed		Wall Flower, Double, Mixed	
Cypress Vine, Crimson		Zinnia, Double, Mixed	50
Dianthus Heddewegii, Double		Zinnia, in separate colors	60
Dianthus Laciniatus, Single			
Dianthus Laciniatus, Double			
Eschscholtzia, Mixed		Rate Table for Parcel Post Shipments	
Forget-me-not	2 00		
Four o'Clock, Mixed	20	POUNDS Prints Tone Solve Fourth Zone Solve Fourth Zone on the Solve on	C S
Globe Amarantus, Mixed	30	First Zone - off off off off off off off off off o	o di
Gourds Ornamental	25	nito nie	i ii
Hollyhock, Double, Fine Mixed	2 00	O SOUTH PARTY OF THE PARTY OF T	80.7
Hyacinth Bean	30	OUND SOURE SOURCE OF SOURC	i i
Larkspur, Dwarf Rocket	40	First Zone of the following support of the following support of the following support of the following support of 150 miles of	Scorer 1800 miles
Marigold, Lemon or Orange	75	1 \$.05 \$.05 \$.05 \$.07 \$.08 \$.09 \$.10 \$.11 \$.12
Marigold, French	1 00	2 .00 .00 .00 .12 .14 .10 .19 .21	.24
Marvel of Pern	20	3 .06 .07 .07 .17 .20 .23 .28 .31	.36
Mignonette, Sweet	20		.48
Mignonette, Large Flowering	75		.60 .72
Morning Glory, Mixed	20	7 00	.84
Morning Glory, Imperial Japanese	25	8 .09 .12 .12 .42 .50 .58 .73 .81	96
Nasturtium, Dwarf Flowering	15		.08
Nasturtium, Tall Flowering	15	11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	.20
Pansy, Extra Superb, Mixed			.32
Petunia, Mixed		12 .11 .16 .16 13 .11 .1717	
Phlox Drummondii, Mixed	75	14 .12 .18 .18	
Phlox Drummondii, Grandiflora, Mixed	1 00	15 .12 .19 .19	
Phlox Nana Compacta, Mixed	2 00	16 .13 .20 .2 0	,
Pink, China		17 .13 .21 .21	7:
Poppy, Peony Flowered, Mixed	40 30	18 .14 .22 .22 19 .14 .23 .23	
Poppy, Double Scarlet	30	20 .15 .24 .24	*
		· · · · · · · · ·	1

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS

DWARF FRENCH EVERBLOOMING CANNAS.

These are very showy and attractive, growing from 21/4 to 4 feet, with large-sized, brilliant-colored flowers. A profuse bloomer, producing great numbers of flowers from mid-summer until frost. Austria. The giant, golden hily-flowered Canna, with vellow flowers from 6 to 8 inches across, height 5 feet...... \$0 10 \$1 00 Alsace. Delicate sulphur yellow, changing to creamy white, height 3 feet..... 10 1 00 Annie Laurie. Fine variety, profuse bloomer, 3 feet 10 1 00 Burbank. Yellow orchid-flowered. Very beautiful, 3 feet 10 1 00 Buttercup. Bright yellow, flowers large, constant bloomer, height 3 feet..... 10 1 00 Chas. Henderson. Crimson, with yellow throat, 3 feet ... 10 1 00 Duke of Marlborough. Beautiful crimson maroon with velvety appearance, height 4 feet 10 1 00

	David Harum. Bronze foliage; flowers scarlet dotted	ach.	D	o z .
	crimson, height 3 feet	0 10	\$1	00
	Grand Rouge. Handsome crinkly leaves of darkest bronze, flower red, height 6 feet	10	1	00
	Italia. The giant orchid-flowered Canna. Rich golden	•	•	
	yellow, with great patches of brilliant crimson	10	1	00
Ì	leaved; height 4 feet	10	1	00
	Madame Crozy. Vermillion scarlet, bordered with yellow	10	1	00
	Martha Washington. Pink flowers, free bloomer, 3 feet Mt. Ætna. Large crimson flowers: leaves rich bronze;	10	1	00
ı	height 3 feet	10	1	00
	And many other varieties from 5 cents to 10 cents each, 50 \$1.00 per dozen.) cei	its	to



JAPAN LILY.

JAPAN LILY. These beautiful illies, in shape somewhat resemble the old-fashioned Tiger Lily, but far surpass it in beauty of coloring. They grow well in good soil, but if planted in a rich loam they will flower much more profusely. When in flower they should be well watered, especially in dry weather. Manure should be avoided, as it is lajurious. If protected with a covering of straw or leaves they can be left in the ground throughout the winter. Plant 6 to 8 inches deep in the open ground during May and June.

	Each.	Do-	
Lillium Auratum (Golden Japan Lily). White ivory	Lacii.	DOZ.	
ground, with purple points or studs, with a broad stripe of			
golden yellow running through the center of each leaf;			
perfume like orange blossoms	. \$0 35	\$3 50)
- Lancifolium Album. White			
Rubrum. Rose spotted	25	2 50	
Roseum. Rose spotted	25	2 50	

GLADIOLUS.

GLADIOLUS are great favorites. They are of very easy culture and succeed well in sandy loam. If strong manures are used in the soil it causes the colors of the flowers to run into each other, and gives them an indistinct appearance. They can be planted singly, in groups, or in beds. Plant from 2 to 4 inches deep, according to size of bulbs, and as they grow up, tie to a light stake about 2½ feet high. Should be taken up when frost has killed the leaves, dried in the sun, the stalks cut off an inch from the root. Keep them in a warm, dry cellar through the winter.

, , ,		
Mixed Sorts	Each.	
Meadowdale Mixtures	. \$0 05	50
Superb Mixture. Generally the most satisfactory to the amateur. They embrace almost all varieties an		
colors	. 05	50
America. Soft lavender pink. Mammoth flower. Fine	. 05	50

Shades of white, red, yellow, searlet and	Lacii.	DOD.
pink · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		60
GROFF'S HYBRID SEEDLINGS. The most		
popular strain in America. Mixed colors		50
Peace. Almost a clear pure white, with a delicate lilac		
feathering. Flowers very large, borne on strong upright		
spikes. One of the best	10	1 00

Each Dog

MIXTURES TO COLOR. Each. Doz. White and Light Shades...... \$0 05 \$0 40 Pink and Rose Shades..... 40 Scarlet and Rcd Shades 05 40 Orange and Yellow Shades..... 07 75 Striped and Variegated..... 05 50 Botanical Hybrids 50 Silver Trophy Strain..... 60

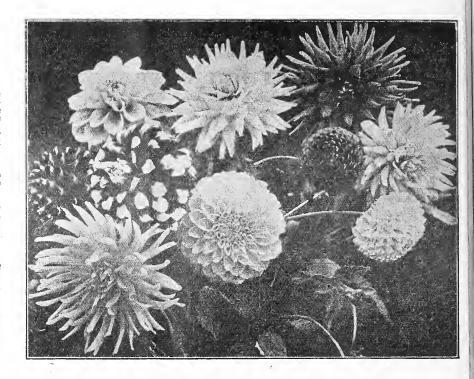
Double Dahlias.

Are well worthy of culture. The variety and beauty of their blossoms and profusion in the late Summer and Autumn, when there are few handsome flowers in bloom, make them a great favorite. They will grow well in almost any good ooil, except wet, heavy clay. Set about 3 feet apart; when out of danger of frost allow only one shoot to grow; tie to stakes as they advance, trimming off the lower side shoots, keeping them moderately wet in dry weather. The tubers should be taken up before the ground freezes, and laid away in a dry, warm cellar the Spring. Are well worthy of culture. The Spring.

20 and 25 cents each.

\$2.50 per dozen. DECORATIVE DAHLIAS Blue Oban, lavender blue. Clifford W. Bruton, yellow. Flora, large pure white. Jack Rose, Crimson.

Lyndhurst, bright vermilion. Madame Van Den Dael, white suffused pink. Sylvia, pink, white center. Zulu, black maroon.



SHOW DAHLIAS.

Aurora, yellew tipped carmine.
A. D. Livoni, beautiful pink.
Black Diamond, rich velvety maroon.

Miss Dodd, large canary yellow. Red Hussar, vermilion red. White Swan, pure white.

CACTUS DAHLIAS.

Alba Superba, pure white. Ami Barilett, dark garnet. Jack, brilliant geranium scarlet.

Anbassador, large pure white.
Alpha, lilae and maroon.
Gaillard, vermilion red.

Jealousy, clear canary yellow.
Kriemhilde, pink, white center.
Mrs. E. Brousson, deep orange. SINGLE DAHLIAS.

> St. George, clear canary yellow. Twentieth Century, various shades of pink.

FANCY DAHLIAS.

Barnum's Variegated, bright Frank Smith, maroon, tipped red, tipped white.

Edthel Schmidt, white, spotted Lucy Faweett, pale yellow, penpink.

cilled carmine.

08 50

08

75 05 30

POMPON DAHLIAS.

Crimson Beauty, bright crim-son Beauty, bright crim-Tom, soft lemon yellow. Eleganta, clear soft pink.

DAHLIAS TO COLOR.

White, crimson, yellow, pink, maroon and variegated. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Peonies. The Peony is perfectly hardy, and succeeds in any ground that does not lie under water during the Winter. Double White, Double Rose, Double Sweet Scented. Roots, 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Gloxinia Bulbs. Named sorts, 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Gloxinia Bulbs. Mixed varieties, 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen,

Madeira or Mexican Vine. Large bulbs, 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen. Good Bulbs, 5 cents each; 50 cents per dozen

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM. A weil-known tropical plant, growing to the height of 4 feet with a corresponding breadth. The leaves are of immense size and of brilliant green, streaked with white, often measuring 2 feet in length by 1½ feet in width; very showy. fine for lawns, door yards, etc.; bulbs, 25 and 50 cts. each, according to size.

TUBEROSES.

The most satisfactory of all the Summer blooming bulbs. Each bulb sends up a stalk about three feet high that throws from twenty to thirty flowers, and each flower may be said to be a bouquet in itself, so sweet and fragrant are they. They require a warm, rich soil, and a long season. Plant in open ground as soon-as danger of frost is over. When planted from the first to the middle of May, in a warm sunny location, they should produce flowers early in July. Before planting remove all the off shoots or little bulblets and the dry roots, which if not done, is apt to prevent blooming. The most satisfactory of all the Summer blooming bulbs. Each bulb

Ea. Pr doz YERY LARGE DOUBLE EXCELSIOR PEARL. Flowers pearly white, larger and more on a stem than the common Pearl; grows about half the height of the old double sorts, the flowers are nearly twice the size and very fragrant. These are large, fine bulbs, and will throw im-\$0 10 \$1 00 mense spikes of flowers.

Double Excelsior Pearl. First quality; fine large bulbs LARGE DOUBLE DWARF PEARL. Selected bulbs, large and fine ...

Double Dwarf Pearl Tuberose. First quality......

CINNAMON VINES. A beau. ful and hardy climber, growing from fifteen to twenty feet high; the leaves are thick and glossy green, flowers, white, borne in clusters, emitting a most delightful cinnamon-like perfume. Price, 5 and 10 cents each, according to

TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIA. These are the most popular for open-air bedding. From the time the first blossom appears until all growth is stopped by frost, they are never out of bloom, and are covered with great wavy flowers from three to five inches across, borne in profusion in all shades of crimson, scarlet, orange yellow and white. Planted in flower beds or borders, they rival the Geranium with their rich and varied colors. The bulbs should be taken up in the Fall and laid away until Spring in a dry cool place.

Single-flowered bulbs of scarlet, yellow, white and crimson, 10 cents each, \$1.00 per doz. Double-flowered bulbs, 15 cents each, \$1.50 per doz.



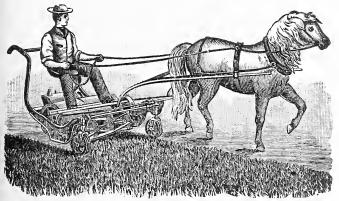
DWARF PEARL TUBEROSE

	Each
Asparagus Bunchers, Acme	\$2 50
Asparagus Knives	50
Bee Smokers	1 00
Bellows, for Dusting	1 25
Calf Feeders	2 75
Calf Weaners	1 00
Corn Shellers	8 50
Corn Flanters	
Dibbles	50
Drinking Fountains	
Dry Feed Hoppers	
Feed Cutters	8 00
Forks, Spading	
Forks, Manure	
Forks, Weeding25 to	50
Fruit Pickers, wire	35
Garden and Pot Labels	
Grafting Chisels	• • • •
Grafting Wax, 1/4 lb, 1/2 lb, lb.	
Garden Reels	• • • •
6 Garden Line90 to	1 10
Grass Hooks, English riveted back	• • • •
Grass Hooks, American	
Grass Gatherers	1 25
Garden Rubber Hose, per ft10 to	15
Hose Nozzles50 to	1 00
Hoes, Garden (large and small)	
Hoes, Dutch Scuffle60 to	1 00
KNIVES.	
Budding, English	••••
Pruning, English and American	• • • •
Grafting	• • • •
Corn	• • • •
Acnorague	

Edging, American

Each	Get an a Filteria
Edging Knife English	Scissors, Flower
Incubators	Scissors, Fruit
Labels, Wood, Pot and Plant	Scissors, Pruning
Leg Bands for Poultry, doz15 to 25	Shears, Pruning25 to
Lopping Shears, American1 50 to 2 00	Shears, Pruning, French
Lopping Shears, English 2 50 to 5 00	Shears, Pruning, Levin (patent)75 to
Lawn Rollers. (See page 22.)	Shears, Sheep
Lawn Sprinklers	Shears, Hedge, English
	Shears, Grass Edging, American25
Milk Strainers, patent 2 50	Shears, Grass, English
Milking Tubes, silver75 to 1 25	Shears, Lopping 00, 2 75 to
Mole Traps, Olmsted 2 00	Shears, Hedge, American
Oils, Lubricating	Shell and Grit Hoppers
Pencils, Indelible, Garden 25	Shovels
Plant Tubs	Spades
Poultry Punches25 to 40	Sprinklers, Scollay Rubber
Pruners, Tree 1 25 to 3 50	Stakes, Plant and Dahlia. (See page 38.)
Pruning Saw and Chisel	Syringes, Brass
Pumps, Bucket	Sprayers, Daisy
Pumps, Simplex, Spray	Sprayers, Tin
Pumps, Century, Spray	Twine, Asparagus
Raffia, for tying, per lb	Twine, Garden, tying
Raffla, colored oz. Bunches, 15	Twine, Binding, per ball
Rakes, Steel, Garden	Thermometers, Dairy Glass
Rakes, Lawn, wire	Thermometers, Hot-Bed
Rakes, Pat. wood, self-cleaning	Thermometers, Brooder
- Rakes, Lawn, wood	Thermometers, Incubator
Rakes, Hay, wood	Trowels, English
Root Cutters	Trowels, American light
Rustic Baskets 25 to 3 50	Trowels, American, heavy
Saws, Pruning	Weeders, Hand Excelsior
Scythes, Lawn, riveted	Weeders, Hazeltine
Scythe-Stone, Talacre 25	Wecders, Noyes
Scythe-Stone, English, flat	Weeders, Laing

	Each
Scissors, Flower	• • • •
Scissors, Fruit	1 25
Scissors, Pruning	1 25
Shears, Pruning25 to	2 50
Shears, Pruning, French	
Shears, Pruning, Levin (patent)75 to	2 00
Shears, Sheep	1 50
Shears, Hedge, English	2 50
Shears, Grass Edging, American25	50
Shears, Grass, English	
Shears, Lopping 200, 2 75 to	4 00
Shears, Hedge, American	
Shell and Grit Hoppers	****
Shovels	****
Spades	
Sprinklers, Scollay Rubber	
Stakes, Plant and Dahlia. (See page 38.)
Stakes, Plant and Dahlia. (See page 38. Syringes, Brass	
	7 00
Syringes, Brass	7 00
Syringes, Brass	7 00 65
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin	7 00
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin Twine, Asparagus	7 00
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin Twine, Asparagus Twine, Garden, tying	7 00
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin Twine, Asparagus Twine, Garden, tying. Twine, Binding, per ball.	7 00 65
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin Twine, Asparagus Twine, Garden, tying Twine, Binding, per ball Thermometers, Dairy Glass	7 00 65
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin Twine, Asparagus Twine, Garden, tying Twine, Binding, per ball Thermometers, Dairy Glass Thermometers, Hot-Bed	7 00 .65
Syringes, Brass	7 00 65
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin Twine, Asparagus Twine, Garden, tying Twine, Binding, per ball Thermometers, Dairy Glass Thermometers, Hot-Bed Thermometers, Brooder Thermometers, Incubator	7 00 .65
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin Twine, Asparagus Twine, Garden, tying Twine, Binding, per ball Thermometers, Dairy Glass Thermometers, Hot-Bed Thermometers, Brooder Thermometers, Incubator Trowels, English	7 00 .65
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin Twine, Asparagus Twine, Garden, tying Twine, Binding, per ball Thermometers, Dairy Glass Thermometers, Hot-Bed Thermometers, Brooder Thermometers, Incubator Trowels, English Trowels, American light	7 00 .65
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin Twine, Asparagus Twine, Garden, tying Twine, Binding, per ball Thermometers, Dairy Glass Thermometers, Hot-Bed Thermometers, Brooder Thermometers, Incubator Trowels, English Trowels, American light Trowels, American, heavy	7 00 65
Syringes, Brass 2 50 to Sprayers, Daisy Sprayers, Tin Twine, Asparagus Twine, Garden, tying Twine, Binding, per ball Thermometers, Dairy Glass Thermometers, Hot-Bed Thermometers, Brooder Thermometers, Incubator Trowels, English Trowels, American light Trowels, American, heavy Weeders, Hand Excelsior.	7 00 .65



HORSE LAWN MOWERS.

The side draft attachment which is furnished with each Horse Lawn Mower allows the horse to walk only on the cut grass. The sectional caster wheels on mowers do not roll down the grass or leave marks on the lawn. 30 in. cut (with seat and shafts)..... 66 66 66 56 35 in. cut

Horse Boots, per set of four, ---.

CONTINENTAL LAWN MOWER.

This machine is a high grade mower and has the cutting bar in the rear, which adapts itself to any unevenness in the ground. The gearing is completely covered. The ratchet has no spring, which makes it silent in its operation. It is made to run at high speed and will cut high grass, leaving the lawn perfectly smooth. It is light and easy to work; easily kept in order.

Wid	th.			Wei	ght.	Application.
15	in.	(high	wheel)	 48	Ibs.	*****
17	in.	44	44	 50	lbs.	*****

Plain and Ball Bearing Lawn Mowers. These Mowers matically adjusted, and combined to make them the easiest strongly constructed and carefully milled.

have Ball Bearing Drive Wheels and Revolving Reel, both autorunning and most serviceable Lawn Mowers ever built.

PRICE	PRICE
16 in. Gem, Plain Bearing, 81/2 in. Drive Wheel	16 in. Pilot, Ball Bearing, 9 in. Drive Wheel
15 in. Reliance, Plain Bearing, 9 in. Drive Wheel	16 in. Atlas. Ball Bearing, 101/6 in. Drive Wheel
16 in. Monitor, Ball Bearing, 8½ in. Drive Wheel	18 in. Atlas, Ball Bearing, 10½ in. Drive Wheel



All small fruits except Strawberry Plants by the dozen will be sent by Express.

STRAWBERRIES.

All varieties marked ${\bf P}$ are pistillate, and require to have every fifth or sixth row set with some perfect-flowering kind, like Sharpless, Bidwell, etc.

Per dozen, 50 cents; per fifty, \$1.00; per hundred, \$1.75.

Marshall, early.
Lovett, early.
Jesse, early.
Sample, (P) early.
Cumberland Triumpl, med'um.
New York, medium.
Sharpless, medium.
Wm. Belt, medium.

Gandy, late. Marshall, early.

POTTED STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

Plant pot-grown plants during August or September. These have been layered in pots, and taken out and transplanted with the entire ball and every root the plant has made. After August first we can furnish pot-grown plants of most of the above varieties at \$2.00 to \$2.50 per fifty; \$3.50 to \$5.00 per hundred. Pot-grown plants cannot be sent by mail.

RED RASPBERRIES.

Per dozen, \$1.00; per fifty, \$3.50; per hundred, \$6.50.

The Loudon, early. Cuthbert. late. Miller's Red, early.

Marlboro, medium. Golden Queen, yellow variety.

BLACK (CAP) RASPBERRIES.

Per dozen, 85 cents; per fifty, \$3.00; per hundred, \$6.00.

Cumberband, medium. Mills, early. Kansas, medium.

Gregg, medium. Palmer, early. Souhegan, early.

BLACKBERRIES.

Per dozen, \$1.00; per fifty, \$3.50; per hundred, \$6.50.

Mersereau. Ancient Britton. Erie. Rathbun.

Lovett. Lawton. Minnewaski.

CURRANTS. 2-Year Bushes.

Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$1.50; per fifty, \$5.00; per hundred, \$9.50.

Red Cross, red. Fay's Prolific, red.

Cherry, red.
White Grape, white.
Lee's Prolific, best black. Wilder, red. Lee's Pronuc, pest once.

Three-year-old bushes, each, 35 cents; per dozen, \$3.50.

GOOSEBERRIES. 2-Year-Old Bushes.

Each, 35 cents; per dozen, \$3.50.

Industry, red. Chautauqua, yellow. Columbus, greenish.

Houghton, red. Downing, green. Red Jacket, red.

HARDY GRAPES. 2-Year-Old Bushes. Each, 40 cents; per dozen, \$4.00.

Early Oliio, black. Moore's Early, black. Agawam, red.
Brighton, red.
Catawba, dark red.
Pocklington, green.

Concord, black

Delaware, red.
Empire State, white.
Niagara, white.
Wilder, black.
Bacchus, black.
Lady, white.

The following varieties 50 cents each: \$5.00 per dozen.

Moore's Diamond, white. Campbell Early, black.

Green Mountain, geenish white. Woodruff, red.

QUINCE TREES. 75 cents each.

Bourgeat, early and large.

Meech's Prolific, very free growling, fruit large.

Orange, fine flavor.

Champion, one of the best.

FRUIT TREES.

First-class stock, four to five feet high, five-eighths inches diameter, 60 cents each, \$6.00 per dozen. No. 1 first class trees five to six feet high, three-quarter inches diameter, 75 cents each, \$8.00 per dozen. Extra Choice Selected Heavy Trees, 3 to 4 years old, which will come into bearing much sooner than the others, \$1.00 each.

APPLES.

SUMMER VARIETIES.

Early Harvest, yellow. Sweet Bough, yellow.

Red Astrachan, crimson. Strawberry, striped red.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Alexander, red.
Fall Pippin, red and orange.
Gravensteine, bright yellow.

— Maiden's Blush, ye cheek.
Beitingheimer, red. Maiden's Blush, yellow, pink

WINTER VARIETIES.

Baldwin, red. Ben Davis, red. Newton Pippin, yellowish. Spitzenberg, red. King, red.

Northern Spy, striped.
Rhode Island Greening.
Roxbury Russet, golden.
Nonesuch, yellow.

PEARS.

75 cents each. Those marked with * \$1.00 each.

SUMMER VARIETIES.

Osband's Summer, yellow, Bartlett, large yellow. red, cheek.

Lawson, crimson yellow.

Doyenne D'Ete, round yellow. Clapp's Favorite, early. Wilder, very early.

AUTUMN VARIETIES.

Kieffer, golden.
Idaho, yellow.
Flemish Beauty, greenish.
*Buerre Bose, russety yellow.
*Worden's Seekel, russet.
Sheldon, greenish russet.
*Winter Nellis.

WINTER VARIETIES.

Buerre Clairgeau, yellow and '* President Droundard, large. Lawrence, yellow dotted Buerre D'Anjou, greenish.

Nellis, green and russet. Buerre Easter, yellow and red. Bar Seckel, pale green.

CHERRIES. 75 cents each. Yellow Spanish, yellow, red cheek

Black Tartarian, purplish

Black Tartarian, purplish black. medium.
Coe's Transparent, pale amber, Black Eagle, large black, med'm.
Gov. Wood, light red, early.
Napoleon Bigarreau, yellow.
late.

Yellow Spanish, yellow, early mellow, early mellow, large black, med'm.
Windsor, nearly black, late.
Early Richmond, dark red, early.
English Morrelo, red, late. acid.
Late Duke, light red, late.

Day Duke, dark red.

PLUMS.

JAPAN VARIETIES.

Good Trees, 75 cents each. Extra heavy four-year-old Trees, \$1.50 each

Satsuma, purple.

October Purple, reddish purple. Ogon, yellow.
Hale, mottled orange yellow.
Red June, red.
Abundance, amber,
Wickson, maroon red.
Chabot, pink, gold dots, large.
Burbank, Cherry red.

EUROPEAN VARIETIES.

Lombard, violet red. Shipper's Pride, purple, Bradshaw, violet red.

75 cents and \$1.00 each. German Prune.
Shropshire Damson, amber.
Imperial Gage, greenish.

PEACHES.
Elberta, yellow, medium.
Stephens Rareripe, white, late.
Chairs Choice, yellow, late.
Crawford, yellow, early.
Crawford, greenish yellow, late.
Crosby, orange yellow, medium.

75 cents each.
Wonderful, yellow, late.
Globe, yellow, late.
Champion, white, early.
Morris White, straw, tinged red, medium.
Iron Mountain, white, late.

APRICOT TREES. Extra size. 75 cents each.

Acme yellow. Early Golden.

Breda, orange, Moorpark, orange.

DISINFECTANTS AND INSECTICIDES FOR SPRAYING.

When ordered by mail add postage at Parcel Post Rates. Liquids cannot be sent by mail.

Spraying is no longer an experiment; it is an accepted practice, as tillage, pruning and fertilizing are, if we desire to grow nice fruit, shrubs and trees. If you wish success with fruit you will have to spray your trees. Unless trees are healthy they cannot bear full crops of perfect fruit, and unless you spray them you cannot hope to keep them sturdy and vigorous. It is impossible to raise fruit successfully without spraying. Spray, not sprinkle, until the solution begins to drip from the trees.

WHEN TO SPRAY.—The time of making the application varies with the season. As a rule, for garden fruits, when the insects first appear, for orchard fruits; or the more common insects, just before the fruit buds open, and just after the blossoms fall. Never spray a tree when in blossom.

With the special pumps and prepared insecticides now on the market, the labor of successfully combatting nearly all injurious insects is very easy to what it was formerly. We carry in stock the very best and most complete line of insecticides, also, fungicides, spray pumps, hose and nozzles.

Price on application.

DRY BORDEAUX AND PARIS GREEN COMPOUND.

A Fungicide, Insecticide and Plant Food.

This compound has a successful record of years, and the sale is increasing every season. It kills potato bugs and all plant-eating insects, prevents blight and rust. Keeps potato and tomato vines and other foliage in a green and vigorous condition, preserving vines until fully matured, and insures full and healthy crops. Paris Green has been known as the best insecticide for years, Bordeaux the best fungicide. It is a well-known fact that if no disease appears, Bordeaux Mixture will increase the yield and make the work profitable; so, when applying this compound for the destruction of insects, a stimulant is being applied at the same time to the vines. It is a preventive of blight when applied early or any time during the season, but not a cure after the blight has struck the crop. It is easy to apply and will stick well to the foliage, and will not burn. Can be applied dry or mixed with water. Use about 4 or 5 pounds to an acre.

HAMMOND SLUG SHOT is an infallible insecticide. It is an impalpable powder, a combination of insecticides poisonous to insects preying upon vegetation and destroying nearly all classes of insect life. Slug Shot has been used since 1880 and always gives satisfaction. It is in use in greater or less degree in every State of the Union.

BOWKER'S PYROX.

ARSENATE OF LEAD - Paste and Dry.

CINNAKOL.

CARBOLA

FIR-TREE-OIL SOAP.—For destroying Lice, Red Spider, Mealy Bugs, Scale, Aphis and all insects that infest plants—by dissolving and spraying plants or greenhouse. In using, dilute box in 8 gallons of water or 1 ounce to 1 gallon of water.

FISH OR WHALE-OIL SOAP.—For, the destruction of insects on plants.

SULPHUR TOBACCO SOAP.

LIQUID DOG SOAP.

BUG DEATH can be applied wet or dry—sure death to insects and also prevents Blight, and will not injure the plants.

PARIS GREEN. Indispensable on farm or garden for preventing ravages of potato bugs, etc. In applying dry use 1 lh. to 100 lbs. plaster or flour. In water, 1 lb. to 200 or 300 gallons. When used pure, 1 lb. to acre.

HELLEBORE. For worms and sucking insects.

LIME SULPHUR SOLUTION. For spraying, Fall and Spring. A perfect scale and fungus destroyer. Use during dormant period. Dilute with water, 1 part solution to 16 of water for Fall or Spring, and for Summer spraying, 1 to 40. Comes in quarts, gallons, 5 gallons and barrels.

DRY BORDEAUX MIXTURE. Prevents blight on all crops. Per lb. box, ------.

FRENCH BORDEAUX. For rust and rot. Per qt., —; per gal., —.

Same with Arsenate of Lead or Paris Green, qt., -; gal., -

Simplex Spray. A preparation for spraying all kinds of plants and fruit trees, to kill insects and prevent blight, mildew and scab. Dilute 1 part to 10 pints water. 2-qt. jars, ———.

Sulfocide or Summer Spray. A substitute for Bordeaux Mixture; it is a fungicide for blight, rust, mildew, etc.

COPPER SOLUTION. Ammoniated, for mildew, blight and rot. Dilute with water and spray. 1 qt. to 25 gals. Per qt., —.

NICO FUME PAPER. This is the strongest Tobacco Paper on the market. Does not injure blooms and furnishes the easiest method for fumigation ever devised. Especially destructive to Aphides or Green Fly, Thrips, and all insects. Tin box, 24 sheets, —; 144 sheets, —; 288 sheets, —.

NICO FUME LIQUID. A very effective vaporizing liquid for spraying plants and fumigating greenhouses. Use from one to two teaspoonfuls to a gallon of water. 1/4-lb. can, —; 1-lb. can, —; 4-lb. can, —; 8-lb. can, —.

STERLINGWORTH WEED KILLER is adapted for destroying weeds in walks, drives, dirt tennis courts, golf links, etc., or any other place where the killing of all vegetation is desired. One application will kill roots and foliage in forty-eight hours. Dissolve in water and apply with a watering pot.

1-lb. package makes 15 gallons, covers 45 to 60 square yards...—
3-lb. package makes 45 gallons, covers 130 to 180 square yards...—
5-lb. package makes 100 gallons, covers 300 to 400 square yards...—

CUT WORM KILLER, for killing cut worms. One pound is sufficient for one hundred and seventy-five plants when in hills, and one hundred feet when in rows. It is a coarse powder for sprinkling near the plants to be protected. It has an enticing odor and the worms prefer it to the vegetation. 1-lb. box, ——; 6-lb. box, ——.

ANT-I-CIDE, for destroying ants on lawns and ant hills. It is a powder to be sprinkled on the ground. One pound covers about two hundred square feet. Price, 1-lb. box, ——; 5 lb. box, ——.

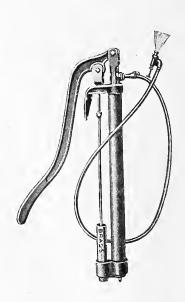
COW EASE. A preparation to prevent flies from troubling cattle and horses. Gal. can,

TOBACCO DUST.

Spray your Trees to destroy the San Jose Scale and other Insects. The San Jose is the most dreaded of the imported pests. It was imported from China or Japan on some new varieties of plums and made its appearance first in San Jose, Cal., from which fact it gets its name. The insect is so small that only the practiced eye can detect it in the early stages of infestation, at which time it looks about the size and color of a fly speck, but it multiplies so fast that it soon covers an infested limb or branch, giving it a rough, ashy appearance, soon sapping the life and finally the tree succumbs.



SPRAY PUMPS, for spraying orchard, shade trees, shrubbery, etc. These pumps have great capacity and by the use of the Brass Nozzles they will throw a continuous spray or stream any size desired. The pumps are quickly and easily adjusted to any barrel, and when attached will be solid and durable. All parts are submerged in the liquid so they require no priming. All valves and valve seats are made of brass and ground together, which makes them air tight. They will not corrode or rust out or be affected by the strong ingredients used in spraying. The Agitator stirs the liquids and prevents them from settling; the liquids are compressed in the air chamber and with one stroke of the pump handle the pressure is retained so that the working of the pump handle, although slow, gives a great force of continuous and rapid spray. By attaching a brass Y to the pump, two leads of hose can be used. The pumps are sold without barrel and with one lead of hose and nozzle. We have several styles.





COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYERS will hold four gallons of water and are made of galvanized iron, double flanged heads to stand heavy pressure of air; have heavy brass pump and two and one-half feet three-ply hose; have brass safety valves to prevent over-pressure, and adjustable shoulder strap and brass nozzle. They are adapted for spraying potatoes, vegetables, bushes, shrubbery, trees, etc. Will spray anything in the liquid form.

When charged contains three gallons of solution and one gallon of compressed air. Eight or ten strokes of the plunger will compress the air, and by once in a while giving a stroke of the plunger the entire contents of the sprayer can be discharged without any extra pumping. Perfection Compressed Air Sprayer. Brown No. 1 Auto Sprayer.

SPRAY PUMPS, with brass working parts, bronze ball valves, malleable foot rest; throws stream or spray.

ATOMIZERS or TIN SPRAYERS,

CORN SHELLERS

They have a strong wood frame. Handle on one side, and a heavy balance wheel on the other, which gives them speed and makes them run easily. They have an adjustable hopper, which can be set to shell large or small ears perfectly. It will separate the cob from the corn, and has a fan which blows out chaff and dirt. They are well and substantially made of selected material, and give perfect satisfaction.



Round, Painted Plant Sticks.

Length	Each	Doz		
One and one-half feet	\$0 02	\$0 20	\$1 50	
Two feet		35	2 50	
Two and one-half feet		50	4 00	
Three feet		65	5 00	
Three and one-half feet		80	6 00	
Four feet	10	1 00	7 50	
Five feet	12	1 25	9 00	
Six feet. Dahlia	15	1 50	12 00	

Painted Pot Labels.

	Pr 100	Pr 1000
Four-inch Pot Labels	80 20	\$1 50
Five-inch Pot Labels	25	1 75
Six-inch Pot Labels	25	2 00
Wired Tree Labels	80	2 25

FERTILIZERS

Pulverized Sheep Manure

Nothing can equal this for LAWNS, PLANTS, and Gardens, as it is the strongest of all natural manures, chemical analysis showing it to contain a higher per cent. of fertilizing ingredients — ammonia, phosphoric acid and potash — than in any animal fertilizer in use. It is sterilized to kill all foul seeds and ground fine. It is clean, easily and quickly applied, has no unpleasant odor, will not kill or burn the grass like the commercial fertilizers, will not sow a crop of noxious weeds for you like Barnyard or Stable manure to fill your lawns. It is immediate in its effect and lasting.

A beautiful Lawn is a great attraction to a home and as the constant growing and cutting of grass will exhaust the soil it makes it necessary to enrich it in order to keep your lawn in a state of perfection. To do this some use Barn Manure, which is bulky, unsightly and introduces seeds of obnoxious weeds and grasses.

A few dollars spent in Sheep Manure will not only give you a beautiful lawn, but will preserve it and be a saving of money in the long run, as it is of full strength, and is very easily handled. This makes it the most economical food for lawns and plants that it is possible to obtain.

FOR GARDENS, dig into the soil when sowing the seed or setting out plants and it will promote a rapid strong growth of flowers or vegetables.

FOR YOUNG TREES or BUSHES, it makes the finest mulch, after watering it becomes a very strong solution, soaking the roots thoroughly with a needed food and they will show the good effects in a very few days after using.

FOR PLANTS and FLOWERS, it is the most nutritious food that can be applied, as a liquid dressing using five pounds to five gallons of water and may be used with perfect safety, or sprinkle it dry around the plants, working it into the ground. Remember, it will not injure the most sensitive plant but will produce healthy plants, with rich blossoms.

DIRECTIONS. Sprinkle thickly over the grass early in the Spring and once or twice in the Summer or any time during the growing season, using about 100 lbs. to 2,000 square feet, or to a space of 50 feet one way by 45 feet the other; 50 lbs. will cover 25 by 23 feet. If the season is dry, wet it down or sow just before rain. If you have only a small place it is well to buy a bag, as you can use it on your grass and gardens early and through the season as it keeps in good condition and is convenient to have on hand. Put up in 100 lbs., 50 lbs. and 25 lb. bags; 10 lbs., 5 lb. and 1 lb. packages. Prices of the above on application.

NITRATE OF SODA. Is valuable solely for the Nitrogen it contains, and is used chiefly as a stimulant to force slow-growing grass or backward crops. It is quick in its action, forcing the plants along to maturity, and can be used alone or mixed with some sort of fertilizer. It should be applied twice; as soon as the plants are through the ground or about an inch high, and again in two or three weeks, as it is all absorbed by the plants and soil in ten days or two weeks. 5 lb. bag,; 10 lb. bag,; per 100 lbs.,

HIGH GRADE FERTILIZER. Is very high in Ammonia, Nitrogen Phosphoric Acid, and must not be classed with the low grades often called by the same name, but undesirable to grow good crops. In buying fertilizers it is better to buy one bag of high-grade goods than two bags of low-grade or cheap, as the one bag of good will go just as far and do just the same work as the two

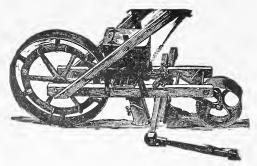
bags of the cheaper sort. It is fine for vegetable gardens. 5 lb. bag,; 10 lb. bag,; 25 lb. bag,; per hundred,; ton,

Ground Bone. For Trees, Grapevines, Currant Bushes, or anything that has heavy permanent root growth, as it is slow in effect bag,; 10 lb. bag,; 25 lb. bag,; 100 lb. bag.

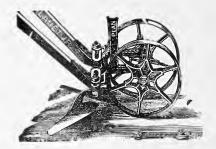
Plant Food. For flower beds, put up in bags. 5 lbs.,; 10 lbs.,; 25 lbs.,

Odorless Lawn Dressing, 5 lb. bag,; 10 lb. bag,; 25 lb. bag,; 100 lbs.,

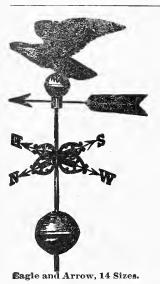
Bowker's Plant Food. Packages sufficient for tweaty plants for three month, 15 cents and for one year, 30 cents.



NEW MODEL SEED DRILL. Will sow anything from Celery Seed to Peas and Beans perfectly. The flow of seed can be instantly cut off, to prevent waste at ends of rows. The markers are easily adjusted. The wheel is broad, to prevent sinking into soft earth. The opening plow can be adjusted to run deep or shallow. Price,



Planet, Jr., Double Wheel Hoe, No. 12, Com-	
plete	• •
Same, No. 13, Plain	• •
Single Wheel Hoe, No. 16, Complete	• •
Single Wheel Hoe. No. 18, Plain	
Tron Age Double Wheel Hoe, Complete	
Iron Age Single Wheel Hoe, Complete	• •



Copper Weather Vanes

A vane includes a wrought-iron spire and points of compass, with letters and balls ready for mounting. Each vane is a perfect indicater of the wind, and is warranted in every respect. They are made of copper, gilded with the finest gold leaf, and will keep bright for years without corroding.

Mand C 21 in lang small heates	
Maud S., 31 in. long, swell bodied.	
Dexter, 32 in long, full bodied	
Dexter, old design	
Ethan Allen, 31 in long	
Ethan Allen, 31 in. full bodied	
Etnan Allen, Jr., 26 in. long	
Sneep, 28 in. long	
Rooster, 36 in. high,; 28 in.,; 24 in.,; 14 in	
Game Rooster, 17 in. high,; with arrow, 18 in	
Ox, 24 in. long, full bodied	
Eagle, 42 in. spread, with arrow,; 36 in.,; 27 in	
Eagle, 20 in. long, with arrow	
Eagle, 15 in. spread, with arrow	
Food with could If in annual 10 in	• • • •
Eagle, with scroll, 15 in. spread,; 18 in	• • • •
Eagle, with scroll, 27 in. long	• • • •
Arrow, 72 in. long,; 60 in.,; 48 in.,; 42 in	
Arrow, 36 in. long,; 30 in. long,; 24 in. long	
Arrow, 18 in. long,; 15 in.,; 12 in	
Church Vanes, 54 in. long	
Small scrolls from 8 in. to 48 in., to	
Church Vanes, 60 in. long. Church Vanes, 54 in. long. Church Vanes, 48 in. long.	



Kentucky.







I am Headquarters in Albany for Osborne Division of International Harvester Co.'s goods and carry a full line. Farm Implements, Twine, Oils and Extras. Osborne Columbia Mowers, 4 1-2, 5 and 6 ft. cut. Columbia and No. 8 Reapers. Columbia Harvester and Binder, 5 and 6 ft. cut. Hay Tedders, 6 and 8 fork. Self-Dump Horse Rakes, 8 feet, 20 and 25 teeth; 10 feet, 24 and 30 teeth. Corn Harvesters. Rival Disc Harrows, 12 discs, 16, 18 and 20 inches in diameter. Spring Tooth Harrows, 9, 15 and 17 teeth. Combination Harrows, 8 and 16 teeth. Peg Tooth Harrows, 50, 60 and 70 (5-8 in.) teeth. Machine Oil. Long Fibre Binding Twine.

SYRACUSE COMBINATION PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

Steel Mouldboard and Landside, Chilled and Steel Shares.

These Plows have a large and unprecedented sale, and are extremely popular in all sections where Combination Plows are used. The Mouldboard, of highest grade soft centre plow steel, is so fashioned that a furrow may be turned smoothly up or down on sloping land, which feature has greatly increased its sale in all sections where the land is somewhat rolling. We furnish this plow with round or flat Colters, the latter being preferred where the land is very hard and stony. We commend this Series to all parties desiring a perfect Combination Plow for general purpose work.

POULTRY SUPPLIES AND REMEDIES

Agents for Buckeye Incubators and Brooders and Coal Burning Hovers. Cyphers Incubators and Brooders. Prairie State Hall Coal Burning Hovers. Incubators.

Felker Fountains and Heaters. Drinking Fountains. Sexton Hoppers. Dry Food Hoppers. Sexton's, Felker's and Boston.

Chick Servers. Grit and Shell Hoppers.

Rust's Roup Pills will cure severe cases of roup. Condition Powder, Pratt's, Sheridan's and Barker's Rust's Egg Producer. Makes eggs plentiful. Climax Condition Powder. Model Egg Maker. Conkey's Laying Tonic. Pratt's Egg Producer. Pratt & Conkey's Chick Food. Cholera Rem-



No. O. Standard Incubator Capacity 70 Eggs

ly. Conkey's, Pratt's and Rust's Soluble Roup Cure, give in Capacity 70 Eggs drinking water to prevent and cure roup. Conkey's Remedies. Scaly Leg, Poultry Tonic, Limberneck, Cholera Remedy, Head Lice Ointment, Nox-i-cide, and White Diarrhea Remedy.

Lice-Killing Powder, Rust's, Conkey's and Pratt's, and Lambert's Death to Lice.
Rust's and Conkey's Liquid Lice-Killer, for spraying the roosts and hen houses.
Nest Eggs, medicated and porcelain. Thermometers, incubator and brooder.

Egg Boxes, made of cardboard for carrying eggs. Leg Bands, copper, aluminum and celluloid. Parcel Post Egg Boxes, wood and cardboard, for shipping eggs. Poultry Punches, Egg Testers.

Scratch Food. Charcoal, in cartons and fifty-pound bags.

Chick Food, Laying Mash, Cut Clover and Beef Scrap. Mica Grit, coarse and fine. Oyster Shell and Fine Ground Bone. Hen-E-Ta, saves shell, grit and charcoal.



Standard Coal-Burning Hover.

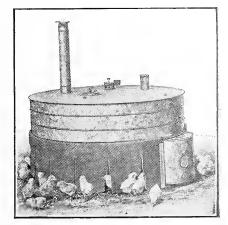
Standard Coal-Burning Colony Hover. To meet the demand for a low-priced colony hover we offer the Standard Hover. It is pratical, reliable and serviceable. and is the best colony hover selling at the price. Two sizes, 300 chick to 1,000 chick.

Sanitary Hover is not a center heated Hover, but is warmest near the curtain. The chicks will distribute themselves around the edge of the curtain, where they have plenty of room and fresh air as well as warmth, with no crowding to the center. The Lamp Holder can be lifted out through the top to attend to or fill. The

flame cannot be put out by wind or rain, there being no connection between the lamp chimney and the flues for taking in fresh air and discharging gases. Price on application.

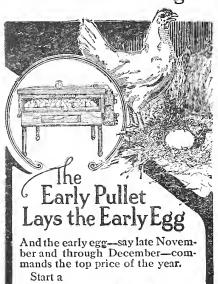
Cypher's Portable Hover.— It is recommended especially for use indoors in poultry houses, brooding houses, colony houses and large roosting coops. As it is equipped with the same highgrade thermostat as the Cypher's Incubators and the Cypher's Adaptable Hover, it maintains a steady and uniform heat. It is self-regulating and positively and infallibly automatic in ventilation, preventing the trapping of "dead" air or poisonous gases underneath the curtain. Does not have central heat dome against which chicks can crowd or pile up.

It can be picked up at any time, all complete, and moved about without hindering its operation. Very convenient for cleaning and moving. Rated capacity, 75 newly-hatched chicks. or fifty chicks that are ten days to six weeks old. Price on application.



Portable Hover.

We are Agent for BUCKEYE INCUBATORS



BUCKEYE INCUBATOR

in March or early April; raise the many chicks you'll hatch in a coalburning Standard Colony Brooder, and this good money is yours.

We know the Buckeye Incubator and the Standard Colony Brooder will do exactly what we say. We guarantee it, and our guarantee is backed by the manufacturer. Everybody gets a square deal. Nothing beats the "Buckeye," and the Standard Colony Brooder has no equal. Come in and see them.

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STANDARD CYPHER'S INCUBATORS — The CYPHER'S INCUBATOR is known as the "business incubator of the age," because it gives the best results. It is used on Government Agricultural Experiment Stations, on large Practical Poultry Plants, on successful Egg Farms, and by more prominent Poultry Fanciers than all other makes combined. It hatches a large



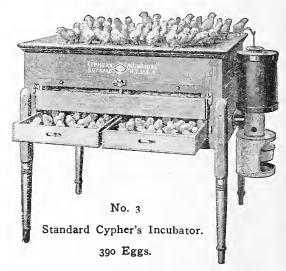
Superior Hot-Water Incubator. 65 Eggs.

percentage of the eggs entrusted to it, and, produces larger, stronger, healthier and more vigorous chicks and ducklings than any other incubator ever built.

They are built to hatch and to last. With proper care they will last ten years without repairs and do first-class work.

These are machines that for nineteen years have been recognized as the "standard hatchers of the world," and are in successful use in every country on the globe. They are the last word to date in incubator building, not a penny being spared anywhere in their construction to make sure of their doing satisfactory work in all climes, under widely different conditions, in the

hands of all sorts of people. Are built in four popular sizes as follows: 70 eggs, 140 eggs, 390 to 400 eggs.



SUPERIOR HOT-WATER INCUBATORS.—

These machines are exactly what the name says. They are an exceptional value for the price and the person who wants a hot-water incubator cannot do better than purchase one or more of these machines.

The cases of these incubators are of three-ply, veneered wood, the middle layer running cross-wise of the other two, and the three thicknesses are solidly cemented (not glued) so they cannot warp, crack or split under the action of heat or moisture.

Walls are double with a warm-air space between for protection of the hatching chamber and forming part of the system of automatic ventilation.

Boiler at end of SUPERIOR is of heavy-weight polished copper and so is the tubular tank, in which there is a forced circulation of water—a decidedly valuable feature that is not secured, as a rule, in hot-water incubators.

Lamp has seamless bottom bowl. Burner is best on market for incubator use and chimney is of metal, constructed without solder.

Both sizes of SUPERIORS are equipped with the regular Cypher's zinc and steel, toggel-joint standard regulating device, the same exactly as has been used on Cypher's Incubators for years.

There is ample nursery space for the chicks first to hatch, furnishing a comfortable "drying off" and hardening space for the early comers.

SUPERIOR INCUBATORS are both self-regulating and self-ventilating, and when operated under normal atmospheric conditions they do not require supplied moisture. Are built in two sizes: 65 eggs and 130 eggs.



Superior Hot-Water Incubator. Capacity, 130 Eggs;

GREEN WOODEN PLANT TUBS, made of cedar, painted green, with iron hoops and drop handles.

No.	Dia.	Depth.	Price.	THE REMARKS TO A STATE OF THE S	No	٥.	Dia.	Depth.	Price.
Δ	8 in.	6 in.	\$0.50	Line of the same	2		13 in.	12 in.	\$1.50
В	9 "	8 "	.75		3		14 "	14 "	2.00
σ	10 "	9 "	.80		4	• • • • • • • • • •	16 "	15 "	2.75
D	11 "	10 "	1.00		5		19 "	18 "	3.25
1	12 "	11 "	1.25		6		22 "	19 "	4.25

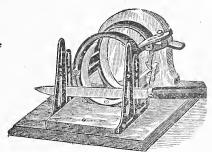
LEGGET'S PARIS GREEN OR DRY POWDER GUN

For Using Paris Green Pure. A Wonderful Invention, Light, Swift, Easy, Safe Strong and Cheap.



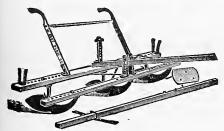
For Garden or Potato Field. Distributes Paris Green or any Dry Powder.

For destroying Cabbage Worm, Cut Worm, Potato Bugs, and all leaf-eating Caterpillars, etc., on Potatoes or Trees. With it a man can thoroughly Paris Green from one to two acres of Potatoes in one hour, using 1 lb. of Green to the acre. When used only on one acre, it will save its cost the first year. No other machine renders the handling of Paris Green so free from danger.

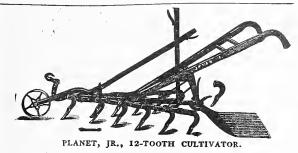


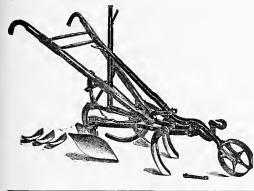
ACME ASPARAGUS BUNCHER.

A greatly improved pattern, with adjustable knife guide and movable head, with automatic catch for binding any size bunch. Price, \$2.75.



IMPROVED STEEL WING MARKER.





Planet, Jr., Cultivator and Horse Hoe

No. 4,	Planet, wi	thout Lev	/er							
No. 4	Complete,	without	Lever.							
No. 7.	Complete,	2 Lever	s							
No. 8	Complete,	2 Lever	s							
No. 9.	Complete,	1 Lever								
12 Toot	th Cultivato	r, with V	Vheel							
12 Tool	th Cultivato	r, compl	lete wit	h Pu	ılve	riz	er.			
Thomps	on's Wheel	Barrow S	Seed So	wer,	sow	S 1	14	ft.		
Cahoon	Broadcast S	Seed Sow	ver							
Cyclone	Broadcast :	Seed Sow	er							

Price on application.

LITTLE GIANT STOCK AND POULTRY FOOD. For cattle, sheep, horses, swine and poultry. It is a concentrated Food and Tonic, to be fed in small quantities with grain or other feed for the improvement of appetite, digestion and assimilation, and the prevention and cure of nearly all ailments incidental to the breeding, growing and fattening of cattle, horses, swine, sheep and poultry. It is composed of sterilized meatmeal, bone flour, ground blood, C. P. charcoal, imported French Gentin Root, African Fenigreek Seed, Spanish Licorice Root and German Fennell Seed. 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.50; 25 lbs., \$3.00.

MALTOID MILK BONE, DOG AND PUPPY BISCUIT. It is a scientific combination of the food properties of malt and milk, with other ingredients used. These produce a food rich in proteid, and, having the proper amount of carbohydrates to constitute a complete food, it aids digestion, prevents foul breath and decayed teeth, imparts vitality, and improves the glossiness of the coat. It is a very powerful nourisher and muscle builder, aids in the assimilation of other food, and is, itself, capable of almost complete assimilation.

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GARDENERS. Many men apply to us for situations as gardeners, and many persons ask us if we can get gardeners for them. For the benefit of these two classes we wish to say that when a man applies for a situation we ask his name, address, age, nationality, whether he is married or single, whether he has children, their ages, and obtain all the information we think essential. The cases are very rare in which we recommend a gardener to an employer. The most we can do is to give his references and let the employer find out about him for himself. The labor is entirely gratuitous on our part, so we cannot take any responsibility. We do not, however, enter on our books the name of any gardener whom we have reason to believe to be an undesirable man.



